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1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
2	DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA	
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4	In re: VEHICLE TRACKING AND) MDL No. 11-2249 (DWF/SER)	
5	SECURITY SYSTEM ('844) PATENT) LITIGATION)	
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7) St. Paul, Minnesota	
8	This Document Relates to) February 1, 2012 All Actions) 9:00 a.m.	
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10	BEFORE THE HONORABLE DONOVAN W. FRANK	
11	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE AND BEFORE THE HONORABLE STEVEN E. RAU	
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
13	PRETRIAL CONFERENCE HEARING	
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PROCEEDINGS

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IN OPEN COURT

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: You may all be seated. Thank you.

ALL COUNSEL: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Good morning.

We have a seating chart here that Brenda was kind enough to make, and before we kind of set the agenda this morning, both for those of you in the courtroom and those of you on the telephone, why don't we take a -- we are not going to take literally a walk around the courtroom, but we will go from my left to right, your right to left, if you want to the note your presence for the record and in what capacity you appear. You can start over here and just kind of go left to right.

MR. NICHOLS: Your Honor, I'm James Nichols with Dorsey & Whitney for C.R. England.

MR. LEE: Your Honor, Robert Lee, of Alston & Bird for Coca-Cola, the United Parcel Service and UPS Ground Freight.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor, Tom Cunningham,
Brooks Kushman, on behalf of Central Transporting, The Mason
and Dixon Lines Inc., Great American Lines Inc., and General
Motors.

MR. GERASIMOW: David Gerasimow from Fish &

1	Richardson on behalf of Xata, and its customers, as well as
2	FedEx Ground.
3	MR. WILLIAMS: Doug Williams of Barnes & Thornburg
4	and acting in the role as Lead Liaison Counsel for all
5	Defendants.
6	MR. HILL: Steve Hill.
7	MR. KOPPELMAN: Ryan Koppelman, also with Alston &
8	Bird, and also on behalf of Coca-Cola and UPS.
9	MR. RUSNAK: Good morning, Your Honor, Eric
10	Rusnak, of K & L Gates, on behalf of Enfora Inc
11	MR. BREMER: Good morning, Your Honor, Dennis
12	Bremer of Carlson Caspers on behalf of United Parcel
13	Service, UPS Ground Freight and the Coca-Cola Company.
14	MR. McGREGOR: Good morning, Your Honor. Leaf
15	McGregor of Fulbright & Jaworski on behalf of USF Holland,
16	Reddaway, Inc., and New Penn.
17	MR. ANDERSON: Good morning, Your Honor, Alan
18	Anderson on behalf of the Plaintiffs. I will introduce you
19	to Bryan Farney of Farney Daniels, also Lead Counsel for the
20	Plaintiffs.
21	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Good morning.
22	And I believe there is also, you have a member of your firm
23	who was here the last time on the phone, I believe?
24	MR. FARNEY: Yes, Connie Merriett on the phone.
25	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Would those of

1 you on the phone like to, on no particular order, if we can make it work with our particular technology, even though my 2 3 calendar clerk -- and maybe if everybody but Judge Rau and 4 I, because we have the list up here, if you all knew who was 5 on the phone; but, maybe for the record if you each want to briefly indicate your presence? And then we will go 6 forward. 7 8 Don't everybody speak at the same time. 9 MR. DOYLE: Your Honor, good morning. This is 10 Scott Doyle and Jon DeFosse from Shearman & Sterling 11 representing Mercedes-Benz USA. 12 MS. MERRIETT: Hi, this is Connie Merriett from 13 Farney Daniels representing the Plaintiff. 14 MR. McCABE: Michael McCabe and John Torkelson, 15 representing ABF Freight. 16 MR. FURTH: My name is Tom Furth with Kudman 17 Trachten Aloe in New York City, representing Brickhouse 18 Electronics. 19 MR. HARRELL: Good morning, Your Honor, Alex 20 Harrell with Brackett & Ellis in Fort Worth, Texas, 21 representing Global Resource Group. 2.2 MR. WILLIAMSON: Good morning, Your Honor, Nick 23 Williamson with Bryan Cave, representing Defendant SAIA 24 Motor Freight Line, LLC. 25 MS. LAWRENCE: Good morning, Your Honor, Erin

Lawrence from Frommer Lawrence & Haug, representing

Fleetmatics USA, Inc., Alan Ritchey, Inc., and SageQuest I,

LLC.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Did Mr.

Doyle --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Doyle?

MR. DOYLE: Yes, Your Honor?

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: My Court Reporter just told us that you had noted your presence, so we are good.

All right. Have we missed anyone? Well, why don't we -- first of all, some of you are probably thinking but haven't said it, the Order that was entered following this hearing stated that we would start in chambers. And I will take full responsibility for the next time we are together, that is what we will do and the order will specify I think in fairness to everyone, because there won't be -- I thought it wasn't fair to do it today notwithstanding the Order: One, because we didn't make it clear that it is not designed to be on the record or to have, absent some extraordinary circumstance, conference people in on the phone. And so, I found through the other MDLs I have had, especially the Guidant case, that those sessions that usually would be an hour in advance, would be scheduled for 8:30 to 9:30, could be, say, 1:00 to 2:00. We are not wed

to the morning. We are extremely productive, not only because we -- and both of us would intend to be there.

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ach other, but there are a lot of things that we can discuss, whether we want to call them big ticket items or concerns. There are some things that lawyers were quite appropriately comfortable saying in chambers and being straight up about some of the difficult issues, or I suppose difficult individuals, frankly speaking. So, I think all of the lawyers involved would say that it was very productive from all the way around.

And then it was understood we would follow to the courtroom. It was also understood there was no, don't tell anybody what we said back here. If any lawyer felt strongly, and it happened very rarely, well I want to put on the record something that happened back in chambers. That either happened zero times over a few years or maybe once, as I recall it.

So, trying to maximize fairness and not exclude people, and I only had to excuse -- and I won't name the lawyer from Louisiana who I had to escort out of the -- that was uninvited to one of the meetings, but there we had lead counsel because of the -- and liaison committees. So --

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: But we don't have any difficult people here.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: No, we don't have any difficult -- well, this individual was -- that was a rare occurrence, and Judge Boylan thought it was only appropriate that since I was the Article III, I would escort -- he said, you just threw that lawyer out of your chambers. But, I think with that rare circumstance, they were extremely instructive, informative, and I don't think any lawyer that you talk to will say there is a downside to those.

2.2

On the other hand, we won't do them just to say that we did them. The other thing, then I will move on to this agenda and what we hope to accomplish today. The other thing we set up, and I think rather than go over it in detail or even summarize it, I can send you a copy of the Order before we make a decision.

We set up a system, and I frankly don't remember.

I doubt that it was my idea or Magistrate Judge Boylan's.

It probably came from some of the lawyers from other MDLs, a system to expedite the motion practice absent some major dispositive motions so that we could get notice 7 to 8,

10 days before the next status conference. Here is what we want on the agenda, here is an issue we can't resolve. And here is our five-page letter brief to say here is what we would like to raise in the courtroom at the next status conference and have a decision from you.

And so, we set up a procedure that really, I think all of the lawyers would say, is fair and didn't shortcut anyone. And whether it was a discovery issue or some other issue, it really, I think, moved things along, as opposed to saying, we are now going to have formal motion practice for each and every issue that comes up with all of the notice and the briefing schedules that are necessary.

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So, I will locate a draft copy of that order that was entered, and it may be fitting to use some part of that here, depending on the response of counsel, it may not. We will soon find out. But, I think the lawyers involved would say it kind of minimized expense, minimized some delay, and as long as everybody played by the same rules, so absent, you know, some formal motion practice on a major issue or issues in the case.

As of today, I will make a couple of comments and then see if Judge Rau would like to join in. We are hopeful that before we are done here, we anticipate, unless something happens during the next hour or so that we would, roughly, in two weeks, first we will set another hearing out in the neighborhood of five to six weeks. And we will agree at the end of the hearing on a date, unless there is some compelling reason why not with the understanding that most of these status conferences, if there is no reason to get together, we won't get together, but I suspect there will

be. Because what we envision is requiring proposed 26(f) reports within two weeks from today's date, and we would adjust that one way or the other, and I will reduce this to an order, as well.

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And what we -- after our discussion, maybe some of these things will change, right now we are envisioning a couple of things in light of the agenda you were kind enough to send in. One is, there might be the Defendant saying, once we can decide who we mean by the Defendants, if there is going to be other dismissals or a stay, and who is in for the long or temporary run here, here is what all of the Defendants agree on for 26(f) purposes, and here this Defendant doesn't agree on this piece of it or that.

Then the Plaintiffs will say, well, we agree to the following, what the Defendants have come up with, and here are all of the things we don't agree with. So, here are the things we jointly agree on, and here are the things you are going to have to make the call on, because we don't -- we don't agree, either in the order of things or the spacing of things or the scope.

So, we are contemplating that no later than the next status conference there will be a -- we will put an order in place, unless something happens where we need to come together on that date, and then an either off-the-bench after-chambers conference in the courtroom the Order gets

issued.

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Now, I am making a couple of assumptions about that and let me make one comment that is indirectly, if not directly, related to the schedule.

Obviously, Minnesota is like some other states with a high patent load per Judge; and that is, we have our own forum for patent cases. And whether we have our own forum or not, that is much like a couple of the other major patent districts in the country that has worked quite well, the Bar would say, because they had major input into it -let me just speak frankly. The MDL Panel that sent this here, they made some assumptions, obviously, or it wouldn't have been with or without objections from a number of your clients, wouldn't have been an MDL, so to speak. That there would be some central or in common claim construction issues, some central or common issues in saying here is what we, the plaintiff, mean by -- here is what we claim the infringement is and here is what each defendant has in common and here are the differences. In part we will get to some of that today, because of the January 20th letter, and then I see a supplement letter on the 30th.

There is an assumption made by the MDL Panel that I think it is fair to say there would be some global Markman hearing that would be dispositive of one or more issues.

Because obviously, if the result is, well, there is going to

be one *Markman* hearing for the car manufacturers, and then even within that there is going to be -- because the issues of validity and infringement are so varied, that there is really 20 within the one, or five within the one, same way with the other Defendants.

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I think the issue is, if the MDL Panel, accurately or inaccurately had concluded, well, there is no way around 20 individual discovery requests, and maybe I just arbitrarily picked that number -- I could have said 10 or so other number. And in effect, there is going to be, whether you call it one hearing or not, there is going to be a multitude of Markman hearings on claim construction issues because the allegations of infringement are so different, as opposed to what they base their decision on there's common issues across the board on the '844 Patent. I don't believe they would MDL it.

So, we will soon find out today what the parties think. I will tip my hand on one issue that is not unique to MDLs in claim construction, if that does become a key issue. I think it was assumed once the case came here, because obviously I assumed when I agreed to take the case that some type of, quote, global claim construction hearing would occur where there might be some big ticket items that would resolve some, if not all of the issues for most or all of the Defendants. Otherwise, it kind of defeats the

purpose of the MDL, and we will soon find out. And maybe some of you will say, well, it is a little premature to be making those judgments.

2.2

An issue that may or may not come up, it doesn't have to be decided today. There are some districts -- no Judge in our District has done this that I know of in the numerous hearings I have had believe in the representative term approach to say, you get five terms and that is it, or you get ten terms, that is it.

And that is what -- once we exchange claim charts and allegations, if you can't agree on these, quote, representative terms that will be dispositive of some, if not all of the issues, I have never -- we haven't gone that route in our District. I know that a number of Judges around the country have.

I don't know if that is going to become an issue here. It may be appropriate for some cases, not others.

Lisa, shall we admit? What is the largest one we had, 50 some terms?

THE LAW CLERK: I think about that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: That we foolishly or otherwise agreed to construe. But, anyway, so our goal here today is to set a time frame so we have workable 26(f) reports no later than the next status conference with any additional input, we are going to have

an order out. Because I suspect by reading this, that there are some issues that you will agree on, a number that you will not, and I will mention towards the end of the hearing the exchange I had with Judge Lynn on the sealing issue.

Because she and I were going to talk in some detail next week on the *Mansell*, the case that -- she is on vacation this week, but we have exchanged e-mails. So, I will touch on that as I said I would in the Order that was generated after the last hearing.

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Your Honor, would you like to --

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Yeah, a couple of things that I would like to see you include in the Rule 26(f) report. One is, you probably all can find the Judge has suggested that he will get it to you, but I am sure that you will be able to find the Order to which he is referring to that was agreed upon in the *Guidant* matter in terms of the informal motion practice.

I would like to see if within the scope of your Rule 26(f) report you could collectively agree about how you would do that, and include that within your report ahead of time, so that we can respond to it.

Judge Frank has mentioned the Protective Order. I would also recommend that you think carefully, and Judge Frank will probably comment on this, too, about how you proceed will respect to documents that are labeled as

confidential pursuant to a protective order, versus documents that are filed under seal.

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The courts nationally are besieged by sealed documents.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: We are sealing entirely too many things.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Right. And this is a public court. Unless the document you are filing under seal is protected by statute or decision of law, it shouldn't be filed under seal.

Now, if you agree ahead of time to exchange documents and label them confidential for purposes of expediting the discovery between the two sides of the "v", go ahead. But, when it comes to filing documents under seal, if the defendants have designated a document as one that is confidential, plaintiffs want to use it in motion practice, it's plaintiffs' obligation to call defendants and say: Do you think this document when we file it in our motion, or in our informal motion practice requires filing it under seal? If the defendant is the one who has designated the document as a confidential document, the defendant stands on that and that is fine. We don't want you to argue at that point in time. But, rest assured if you are the defendant who has insisted on the document being filed under seal and it doesn't merit sealed filing, we may

have some questions for you. So, please don't abuse that part of it. You know, along with the informal motion practice, to the extent necessary, I will also make myself available to resolve these issues within the scope of discovery if you need to. Okay?

2.2

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: The other thing, I will send you some language that you are starting to see more and more in -- well, maybe all litigation, not just MDLs. But, I will send some language. You may all agree with it or come up with your own that will expedite any privilege and attorney-client waiver issues, so that we don't get bogged down there.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Right.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: It is some language that it's a common topic at our MDL conferences.

And I will send you some language that a number of us have been using recently to try, for everyone's benefit, but yet to give you the protections that you -- so there is not the "W" word waiver that sneaks up on someone. So, we will send you the language for that. So --

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: You may include that with any ESI issues that you address ahead of time.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: So, I think what we would like to do is go down this proposed agenda.

And some of this, I think, is quite anticipatory about there may be some things you agree on and not agree on. I will just say most -- and hopefully this is the way it has been for a number of years, not unique to this case and MDLs.

2.2

One thing that is always in the back of the mind of the assigned Judge or Judges to an MDL case is the criticism by some people on the street and lawyers for certain clients that, well the primary justification for this MDL is to save time and money without compromising fairness to the parties and due process. And if you are not saving time and money and moving things along, there really is no other justification for having a multi-district litigation case.

I think there is some significant validity to that. The phrase you will see in the literature is economies of scale, and without compromising the rights of each of your respective clients. So, that is always on my mind, as well, without compromising what the rules contemplate each of your clients is entitled to.

So, why don't we do this? Let me ask before we start going down the agenda, start with the Plaintiff, very kind of briefly, and say: What are the most important things, as you -- by the way, for all of you in from out of town, how about this weather?

So, if you are hard core northern United States or

1 Minnesotan who wants the cold weather and white snow, I am 2 sorry. But, I don't think there are many of us, probably, 3 in this courtroom, unless you brought your skis along, then you are out of luck, probably. But, yeah, how about this 4 5 weather? What I would like to do before we kind of go down 6 7 the agenda and you say what you need to say is, first have 8 the Plaintiffs succinctly as possible say, well, here is 9 what we think the most important thing is to address today, 10 and here is what we were hoping the Court and the parties 11 would focus in on. And then I will do the same for the 12 individual Defendants without argument on the issues, but to 13 say, well here is what we were most hopeful for that we 14 could get accomplished or at least get it to the Court today. So, we will start with Plaintiff. 15 16 MR. FARNEY: Thank you, Your Honor. It is Bryan 17 Farney for PJC --18 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: That podium 19 will go up. There is a button right on the front there. 20 MR. FARNEY: I thought there was. 21 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Right on the 2.2 front there. 23 I was actually going to comment on MR. FARNEY: 24 the weather. I am from Texas. And I have been coming to

Minnesota. It seems like every hearing I have ever had has

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been in the winter. And this is the first time I think I left Texas and arrived here and it was colder in Texas than it was here. That was a first for me.

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I'm not sure -- it gives me a dilemma, because I told my little boy I was going to Minnesota and it is very cold up there. And then he wanted to know how cold it was when I get back tonight. So, I don't know whether to fudge and tell him it was really cold, or say it was actually colder where you were.

The issues that I see, the large issues that I think probably would need to be addressed today, there are three or four. One is the parties have had some discussions back and forth about the infringement contentions that they want the Plaintiffs to provide. And I won't argue the point now, but we believe, and I can explain why when we get to the point, that we will greatly accelerate and make a more complete disclosure if we can get a very minimal amount of information from them before we start. And I will be able to explain that, and I think they will not want to do that and that will be a subject of discussion.

The parties have exchanged preliminary 26(f) drafts and I think there's a couple of issues that clearly seem to come out where I think if we present at a high level some of the issues that seem to be in every disagreement, if we get some guidance from you, we may be more likely to

agree on a 26(f) report completely, largely having to do with issues about splitting up interrogatories among

Defendants and how many third-party depositions, some minor things like that.

2.2

Then really the third issue is one that just came up right before the hearing. Mr. Cunningham, who represents several parties in the case mentioned to me, as you know -- I don't believe they have been transferred to the MDL yet, but PJC Logistics sued a number of car companies, as well.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: True.

MR. FARNEY: And the car companies have asked to be consolidated in an MDL for the efficiency of discovery. PJC Logistics was fine with that. We felt like it made it more efficient. But, there is one issue that has come up that we didn't anticipate, and that is GM has made an allegation that our firm has a conflict with representing PJC Logistics against GM in that particular case that was filed against GM. We don't agree with that, but what we did do just to resolve the matter, the case that is pending in Delaware, we agreed that we would just voluntarily withdraw and let PJC Logistics use a different counsel in that case.

And so for purposes of discovery with GM, or whatever may happen with GM, and ultimately if this comes back out of MDL to trial, there would be a different counsel representing PJC Logistics. It doesn't affect the other

parties, and it is only related to a GM issue.

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We believed when we said we were filing the consolidation, that we could consolidate and continue to represent the other parties. We just wouldn't participate, say, in a deposition of GM or any matter that related to GM. We would have other counsel, Mr. Anderson, or someone else handle that. Possibly a third counsel that PJC Logistics might hire.

Mr. Cunningham indicated to me just before the hearing that if the matter is consolidated in an MDL inclusive of GM, that GM may try to move to disqualify

Farney Daniels from representation of all of the parties in the case. And that would be highly disruptive to PJC

Logistics. We have obviously been working on this case for almost a year. We initially sued 243 trucking companies.

We have been very active in trying to resolve these matters.

We have resolved 203 of the 243 matters. We have reached licenses or settlement agreements or dismissed out 203 of them. And partially settled or dismissed out 20 of the remaining 40 trucking companies. So, we are actually making a lot of progress in reducing the number of parties in this case.

And I believe when we get to that issue, I would suggest when we get to the infringement issue, if we get a little information from the Defendants, we will actually

resolve a lot more of them. Based on the way things have been going, I anticipate we will have less than half as many Defendants on the trucking side of the case in a month than we have right now. That would be my anticipation.

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So, my point there is that if there is going to be a motion to disqualify our firm from representing any party in these cases, because GM happens to be consolidated in the MDL, we would feel like that needs to be addressed. And we would not want to --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I would think so, yes. Yes. And it sounds like it will come up here before it comes up somewhere else because of the agreement you have in the Delaware case, that it is something that probably should be put at the top of the list for a decision by the Court.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Yeah, how would that look, the proposal that you have, briefly, in terms of separate counsel?

MR. FARNEY: Well, in the MDL there will be discovery of each party in terms of their infringing units and their sales, that kind of thing. We would handle all of the other cases, except for GM, someone else would handle that, get involved in that, getting the information about their OnStar units and how many sales they have.

Claim construction is to be decided independent of

infringement and validity, and so the claim construction is really independent across the parties. We would anticipate largely handling the claim construction, although other counsel might participate.

2.2

If it then spins back up to trial, we just wouldn't participate in the case against GM. So, we don't see --

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: You think you have solved GM's problem by simply having separate counsel against GM in this case?

MR. FARNEY: Yes. The issue briefly, as I won't go into great detail, is about five years ago there was an attorney named Bonita Lewis in GM who was a friend of mine. And they had a need for counsel in Texas on a case, and we represented them for about five months. We filed an answer in the case based on public information. And then basically nothing happened in the case. There was a Rule 26(f) report and then Ms. Lewis left to go somewhere else.

A few weeks later Mr. Simon who replaced her called us. We went up for a meeting to meet him. At that meeting, which neither I or Mr. Daniels really remembered, we met a few engineers or people that were at OnStar. I'm even sure what their role was, for about an hour, got a public tour of the OnStar facility, which was quite interesting, to see all of the lights dotting up across the

country, and then a couple of days later Mr. Simon replaced us with counsel he had used, himself. And that was our whole role. We had asked him to identify confidential information, or strategy we received and is very -- other than the fact that we met those people, that was essentially all that ever came up.

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We didn't want to distract our client, or have the distraction of a fight, or having continued to come up to Delaware when GM looked like a standalone case. So, we just said we will withdraw and let somebody else handle it. But, it would not be reasonable or fair, I think, for our client to be deprived of our services.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: You are getting into the argument.

MR. FARNEY: Then I am stopping now. I was just giving you the high and the low so you understood it is a pretty minimal issue to begin with, so that we don't think it should disrupt the whole MDL.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think the sooner we do it, because I suspect that GM is not going to concede that the claim construction issue, especially if there are some issues in common, which is kind of presupposed until it appears otherwise, probably the sooner we deal with that, the better, for everybody's benefit.

MR. FARNEY: I think that is right. And then we

1	might want to address other ways to handle the MDL. For
2	instance, perhaps having a car MDL, a trucking MDL and
3	running them parallel, or something like that.
4	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.
5	Who would like to Mr. Anderson, are you going to jump in?
6	Or are you just going to kind of be
7	MR. ANDERSON: I can.
8	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Pardon?
9	MR. ANDERSON: I can.
10	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Okay, all
11	right.
12	MR. ANDERSON: And if there's anything I can I
13	would be happy to
14	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.
15	MR. ANDERSON: join, but I'm fine right now.
16	MR. WILLIAMS: And Your Honor, Alan has a fresh
17	haircut for today's hearing. I ran into him the other day
18	in the skyway and he was getting dressed up for the
19	proceeding.
20	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: You know,
21	there is a danger in saying that unless you're absolutely
22	positive, and you must have been. Because some people say,
23	thanks for the compliment, I got my hair cut four and a half
24	weeks ago.
25	MR. ANDERSON: Actually, we did run into each

other in the skyway and I did tell Mr. Williams I was getting it cut just for Your Honor.

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MR. WILLIAMS: And we made a joke about my not needing one. So, Your Honor, there are two things we want to address today. Primary things are D and D, discovery and disclosures, are the two big things.

And very briefly on the disclosures, we did get an initial disclosure pursuant to the Court's Order on January 20. We had a conversation with them and said this is not working for us, anywhere close. There was a supplement that came in on the 30th to most of the Defendants. And we still believe that we are a long, long way from being able to have anything meaningful so that we can proceed.

Now I did hear, and I think we will discuss in a few moments, what Plaintiff would like is -- and suggested that maybe if they can get some preliminary information from us, that would help them move things along. I think we have got to the very big part of the rub, here. That is, what they would like to get informally is the discovery that says -- that should have been done before they filed this lawsuit. And that is, do these people actually have equipment or do they not have equipment? We will talk about this in more detail a little later on. But, basically, we are very concerned that we don't have an adequate pre-suit

evaluation of what took place and that this is primarily fishing for information from the Defendant. So, that is one of our big topics is the disclosure.

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The other one relates to discovery and damages.

And I think one of the ways that we can probably resolve -actually, it would go to Your Honor Magistrate Judge Rau's
point about the need for filing documents under seal, and
all of that. We are going to propose that we reserve
discovery on damages until the end of this case. In the
event that we don't need to for liability reasons or it
settles or anything else, but I think we in doing so are
going to talk about this in more detail about why we think
it is appropriate. But, the bulk of the kinds of things we
would request to file under seal are always the money
documents. If we put the money on the back end of this
thing we will save a lot of time and we will save a lot of
documents being filed under seal.

So, those are our two big things. We have got a number of other issues that some of the individuals would like to raise, but I think that is our primary --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, and maybe we will get into, as we go forward there, is always the issue, since you've raised it -- it wouldn't relate strictly to damages, but something significantly short of using the "B" word, bifurcation, is some type of stage

discovery.

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In other words, one of the criticisms of all civil cases these days is the cost of discovery, itself, becomes a leverage issue because it should be something -- and I think a lot of it falls on the Court, no matter what the case is. There should be something other than an all or nothing approach, quite separate from a formal motion to bifurcate something or stage discovery, so I guess we will talk about that this morning.

MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, that was our discussion, to substitute the "B" word bifurcation for the "D" word, which was to delay it in this process. That is where we got to. So, we will do a "D" instead of a "B."

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Okay. Were there other comments from the Defendants?

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Or are you going to reserve as we go through some of the individual issues? I will leave that to counsel, here.

MR. WILLIAMS: Was there anything else anyone individually wanted to bring up at this point as we walk through this?

MR. LEE: We don't need to.

MR. WILLIAMS: Okay, we are prepared to start going through the agenda item by item, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, why

don't we do that, unless Judge Rau you have anything else in response to what counsel has said? Why don't we --

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THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: No.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And again, a lot of people mean different things. Is it useful to discuss, really, number two, first, the pretrial schedule and sequence? Or should we talk consolidation? It means a lot of different things to a lot of different people. So why don't we, because of the General Motors issue and perhaps some others, should we begin with the consolidation? And who would like to step to the podium first? I mean, whatever seems to be -- maybe you have all discussed it in advance. Otherwise, we will just -- we are going to get some good use out of that podium today.

MR. FARNEY: I am fine with it like this, as long as I can be heard. Basically, in terms of consolidating in the sense that it means for MDL, that we are going to try to have common deadlines for discovery, and all live by common discovery rules, and so forth, and exchange of different information, and contentions, what have you, we don't have any objection to that.

Until this sort of unexpected little issue came up right before the hearing, we just assumed we would proceed, take care of all of the issues and if anybody was remaining in the case at the, sort of, you know, end of the MDL

process, they would go back out to their respective court for trial. So, other than this one issue about -- and we have heard Mr. Cunningham. He didn't say, necessarily, they were going to file a disqualification motion, but he just told me briefly that they were thinking about it. And I wanted to make it clear that we weren't consenting to the car companies being consolidated if that was going to be raised. So we are kind of at a tentative stage at that point.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, and then maybe I will sit tight until we get to 3c on the calendar where it says, "Plaintiff's Proposal for Auto Manufacturers Discovery." Let me ask one question now, because it is likely unrelated to the disqualification issue.

Does that imply, since it probably is related, but it does relate to consolidation, when I read this one uniform position on major issues, validity, claim construction, that implies to me that, well, there is at least -- maybe the Plaintiff is of the view, and of course I have seen what the Defendants have said, and we will soon see what they say when we get to that point about individualizing certain aspects of the case. But, that implies to me that the Plaintiff may be of the view that there needs to be one schedule for the car, or the auto manufacturers, with or without separate claim construction

1 issues, assuming that is appropriate or allowed. set -- in other words, they set by themselves -- am I 2 reading too much into that? 3 4 MR. FARNEY: Perhaps. 5 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I hope so, 6 actually. 7 MR. FARNEY: Until this issue about the 8 disqualification issue, disqualification thing had come up, 9 we just assumed that, assuming the car companies wanted to 10 do that, we were fine with everybody living by the same 11 schedule. 12 We even understood that they were coming in, 13 because they were coming in a little bit -- a couple of 14 hearings behind, that it might delay things a little bit, 15 and that was okay. 16 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 17 MR. FARNEY: We didn't think that was a problem. 18 The uniform position probably should have been a little more 19 clearly stated. What we were really trying to get at is, to 20 the extent all of the Defendants have the same view of a 21 particular claim term, our belief is that it should all be 2.2 in one brief. 23 We shouldn't get 20 briefs talking about the same 24 term that we have to respond to. If some of the Defendants

have a different positions on a term than other Defendants,

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1 then I think they are entitled to take that view, but it just should be -- that brief should be on only that issue. 2 3 So, we might have, Plaintiffs might present one 4 brief in response to their common positions, and then there 5 might be shorter briefs with Defendants that have different views, you know, on one term, we'd will brief that 6 7 separately. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 8 9 MR. FARNEY: But not have, you know, 50 people 10 piling on to the same term on the Defendants' side on the 11 same construction position. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And then we 12 13 will get to that. All right. 14 MR. FARNEY: But certainly consolidation, I think 15 we understood there to be consolidation. 16 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Why don't we 17 hear from the Defendant or Defendants on the consolidation 18 issue, if there is anything on that issue as he set out the 19 concern that the Plaintiff has. I guess it does come back 20 to the, at a minimum, the disqualification issue and perhaps 21 others. 2.2 MR. WILLIAMS: Mr. Cunningham will speak on behalf of that issue. 23 24 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Certainly. 25 MR. WILLIAMS: He represents General Motors.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Your Honor, first off, I think
the -- I'm not sure about all of the car cases, but I think
at least the OnStar General Motor case was transferred
yesterday by the Delaware Court. The Conditional Order was
entered on Monday. And I believe that case has already been
transferred.

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I am not sure about the other automotive cases.

They are all before the same Judge, so I imagine those may have already been transferred, as well. They may already be here. So, for the purposes of going forward, I think everybody is probably in the same boat at this point.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: To just quickly address, we might as well do it now, the conflict issue, I did inform Mr. Farney that GM was considering it. Mr. Farney did representing GM in a patent infringement case on the same accused system in 2008 -- I believe it was 2008, 2007 or 2008, and had access to a lot of GM confidential information.

And we basically told them that we felt they can't go forward. And they did withdraw from the other case. Now that the case has been consolidated, we have concerns with them being on the other side, and things that you brought up, claim construction, joint document requests. He knows

what documents we have, what systems we have. He is privy to all of that stuff. He knows all of the witnesses we have relating to OnStar and a lot of our strategies. And we are just concerned with that. We are looking into the issue because this is a new issue for us. And it may be a novel issue in regard to MDLs. We are looking into the case law right now and we should be able to let the Court know how we are going to proceed fairly soon. But, I wanted to bring it up because it is a global issue that could affect the whole thing.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes, it could.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: So, I wanted to bring it up.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: It seems to me you do need to sort of cross that bridge probably earlier than almost anything else, because at least from the perspective of this Judge, it greatly affects PJC's right to counsel of its choice in this litigation. After all, it is someone else who has decided that this should proceed in this fashion. I would tread a little lightly -- Judge Frank is going to make the decision on interfering with that right because the courts have said this is the way you are going to do it.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, here is what we will do. I mean, the ideal situation would be -- let's just say, for whatever reasons, your client with your

advice decides we are going to bring the motion. We are obligated to bring the motion. And separate from what the consequence of the motion could be, because I suppose it could be everything from the entire disqualification to something less than that. But, the motion should still be brought sooner, rather than later. Do you think you will have an assessment within the next two to three weeks of, well, no, we are not bringing it, or yes we are?

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MR. CUNNINGHAM: Yes, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well then what I would suggest, and maybe I will just make a note of it without going into any detail in the Order that comes out of here, that if I would direct that the Court be contacted with notice to the other parties of what your position is, and then with or without agreement it seems to me that we wouldn't have to wait for the next hearing to set a schedule. We can try to -- and I don't know if any of the other Defendants will take a -- and say, well, wait a minute. We are going to want to get in on this as well and submit a brief. But, we could agree on some expedited schedule, as long as neither side thinks that we are, you know, cutting corners. So, with or without oral argument, probably with, because we are an oral argument District, unless the parties stipulated; but, even then I think we would want oral argument. We could take that up as soon as

possible.

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Even if it means the decision is we are going forward and whether your request is going to be complete disqualification or there are some other issues, even if it means a short telephone conference just with a couple of you to say, let's agree on an expedited briefing schedule so we can get this heard and decided, and so the Plaintiff can make some decisions, that is what I think we should do. So — does that seem acceptable? Of course, probably the sooner we do it for everybody's benefit, the better.

MR. FARNEY: Yes, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. Is there any -- oh, I'm sorry.

MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, the other Defendants have not had an opportunity yet to discuss how that issue may impact them, so we will take that up at our regular meeting on Monday and discuss it. So in the event there are going to be some concerns, we will get started on looking into that, as well.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: We will just be sensitive to the fact that in the event -- and I am sure that one or more of you are hoping it doesn't happen, but in the event that the decision is made by GM to file the motion, and in the event that one or more of the other Defendants say, well, wait a minute, they may have a

schedule, but we think we ought to be able to submit and have some input into this with or without additional argument, we will just agree that whether that means a short telephone conference or something, we will respond to it so we can get some schedule in place.

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In other words, you won't hear from us, we don't want to hear about it. We will take it up at the next status conference and wait until sometime then or after to set up a schedule, unless there is some compelling reason to do it as soon as we hear, because I'm sure some of your co-counsel don't know what they are going to do until they see what the issue is.

MR. WILLIAMS: That is correct, Your Honor. Also, on the point of consolidation, I believe there was one or more of the auto companies have counsel that are on line on the telephone today --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think they are, too.

MR. WILLIAMS: So, I don't know if whether there was any comment from them with respect to the Auto

Defendants that are in. With respect to the Trucking

Defendants, collectively the trucking Defendants concluded it makes the most sense to in fact have them all here. And now they have been in effect conditionally transferred here.

I think there was a couple of gentlemen from Shearman &

Sterling on behalf of Mercedes-Benz. Maybe they will have something to offer on that point, and I don't know if any of the other car companies are on line or not.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: To the extent there are counsel on line for one or more of the car companies, do you want to briefly state, if you know, what your position is? Or say, please stand by, because we will take a position once we get the position of GM? Anybody wish to say?

MR. DOYLE: Well, Your Honor, good morning. This is Scott Doyle from Shearman & Sterling. I have to say, we are primarily listening in today because we haven't even answered a complaint in this case. And now we have been transferred. So there are many issues that are being discussed today that frankly we are not aware of and we have not had any time, whatsoever, to investigate some of these issues.

So, I don't think we can dare say at this point whether we are, you know, necessarily objecting to these consolidation points or not.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Fair enough.

I probably -- obviously as a courtesy, we let people listen in and call in. So that probably wasn't a fair question, a fair question by me. And frankly speaking, if you did say something given your new arrival to the case, I couldn't

fairly hold you to it, anyway. So, but at least you are aware of the issues, so we will assure everybody you will get your -- in other words, you won't hear about something happening after it has already been decided, you will hear before.

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So, if somebody wants to seek input, you can seek the input, and then we will either say, yes, we will hear from you, or no, we won't. So, at least everybody is aware of it, because I think we can do that without delaying anything and letting the parties that are interested proceed so this issue can be decided.

Anyone else that is here on that issue?

MR. WILLIAMS: I was just going to add, Mr. Doyle, this is Doug Williams of Barnes & Thornburg. If you would like to get in touch with me, I can sort of get you up to speed in advance of our next meeting, which is Monday, to let you know what we have been doing thus far in the case here in Minnesota.

MR. DOYLE: Fabulous. Thank you, Mr. Williams. I look forward to speaking to you about that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Who would like to step up on the pretrial -- the D and D, that it has been characterized by the Defendants, anyway? Discovery and disclosure? And of course, it is now said in the context that unless one of you persuades us that it is not a fair

thing to expect, we would like to get, with or without some additional guidance from us today, a proposed 26(f) on what you agree on and what you don't, so we can no later than on or about the next conference, which we will set hopefully sometime in March, I know there is a lot of vacation for those of you young enough to have children taking breaks and so forth. We will try to accommodate everybody's schedule to the extent possible when we set the next date, because it is a busy time for a lot of families. So, we are hopeful that we can move down the road on this. But, let's hear from Plaintiff's counsel first.

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MR. FARNEY: Sure, Your Honor. Some of the Defendants have, as Mr. Williams alluded to, have raised the issue of whether we did an adequate pre-filing investigation, and our request with some information to give them a more complete infringement contention.

Let me just briefly address that. The patent, at a high level, while it has a little more language than this, basically covers systems that include an input module that would monitor an event or a condition of a vehicle, which could be any number of things the patent describes. It could be whether the vehicle is started or stopped, or how fast it is going, or whether it is turning or even engine conditions, or any kind of event or condition that could relate to a vehicle. And then a GPS signal coming in so

that it knows its location. And then a cellular transmission device that would transmit that information back to some home place or some monitoring system.

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In simple terms, you can -- you know, one of the examples would be that you could have this system and you could be at a home office and you could watch your truck driver as he is speeding, is he off of his route? If you are monitoring the oil temperature or the engine running rough, or whatever you want to do; that is basically what the system requires.

So, the infringement occurs if you have something that monitors the condition of the vehicle which includes starting, stopping, where the vehicle is located, where it is headed, where it has turned, so forth, and its location at the moment, GPS location, and transmits that with a cellular system, a cellular system instead of a satellite system, which there were systems sort of like this with satellites prior to the patent.

So, to identify infringers, we did several things. We had several consultants, and in fact the owner of PJC Logistics has been in the trucking business for 25 or 30 years, and very familiar with these kinds of systems, as well. He was one of the early adopters of some of these systems.

We had them in many cases physically observe

trucks. What they were looking for was that a GPS antenna and a cellular transmitter, all of the experts, including the owner, were well aware that if they had that on the big -- we are talking 18-wheeler trucks, then they were almost certainly using a system that was sending back information about a vehicle condition and its location back to some home office or monitoring system.

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We also looked at some of the manufacturers or many of the manufacturers of these types of systems, many of which listed some of their customers, and said that we are proud that trucking company X is using our, you know, model Y system.

We also monitored the trucking websites, some of whom promote the fact that they have these fleet tracking systems so you can keep up with your packages or so that they can have more efficient delivery. So, using that, we then identified the people who had the basic elements of the patent and that is who we sued.

Now, the accuracy of the system is proven in the results. Of the 243 trucking companies we identified,

203 -- there are a few that just defaulted, so you really can't count them, but a total of 203 are out of the case and had such systems with a couple of exceptions that I will mention in a minute.

Of the remaining 40 trucking companies that remain

in the case today, 20 of them had infringing systems that have since settled out and been licensed. So, there is only 20 of the remainder that are still out there not conclusively resolved one way or the other.

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So the system -- our system of identifying infringing units was very accurate. The only exceptions came about in three places. One, it turned out that Qualcomm who is a big manufacturer of these systems had one type of system that had an antenna that looked like -- very similar to the cellular transmitter, but it was a satellite transmitter, and there were a few trucking companies that used those, and once that was identified to us, we just dismissed them out promptly. The second situation was there were a few companies that had indicated they were using these systems, but when we actually filed the suit against them and talked to their counsel, their inhouse people, it turned out they had ceased using them quite a long time ago, or at least before we filed suit -- maybe not a long time ago. And we dismissed them out, as well.

And then there were a few where we misunderstood the truck was owned by a subsidiary or the parent or vice-versa. In a couple of occasions, it was Allied Freight Lines versus Allied Van Lines. But, other than those earlier exceptions, the only other party we sued or settled out, talked to us -- had a system that monitored a vehicle

transferred it back using a cellular transmitter just like the claims require.

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There is another claim that adds that a condition of it running for operator input, which could easily be simply a help button, or it could be typing messages back.

And in fact all of the same systems also had that, as well.

So, the issue, though, is this. There is about, I think, 27 manufacturers of these systems in the United States. The antennae they use are not -- are very similar. So, while we could tell you this trucking system has a GPS antenna, has a cellular system, and based on expert advice they are using the system like the patent, a fleet tracking system. We may not know if it is a Xata system or a Fleetmatics system, or some other company's system. You may not be able to tell that from visual observation. So, for the manufacturers who remain in the case, we can provide contentions, because we have information about their systems and we can tell you. I would expect what you will find out is that 99 percent of the trucking companies' units that remain in the case are one of those systems.

So, when we provide contentions from the manufacturers, we are providing contentions for the trucking company. But in a particular trucking company's case, we may not know whether they are using the Xata system, or like I said, the Fleetmatics system. So, if they want

contentions specific to them, all we need is what brand of, you know, trucking company you are using, and then we can tell you, refer to the Xata system contentions. That is really the only issue.

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The second issue that I would say is, when we settled with Qualcomm there were a number of companies that we had sued that were 100 percent Qualcomm customers. That is all they used. So, when we settled out with the Qualcomm as a manufacturer, that settled out those Qualcomm trucking companies.

There were some companies that used some Qualcomm units and some other units. So, we wrote letters to all of those companies and said, you should be aware that we are no longer pursuing or asserting any case against the Qualcomm-related units. But your counsel has indicated you have additional fleet trafficking units. If you will provide us information with that, we can give you -- in some cases your manufacturer's or other units may be licensed, in which case you are out and we just don't know it, or you are going to have very small numbers.

And in many of these cases that we found so far where they were partial Qualcomm users. The amount of units they were using weren't Qualcomm, or were very small. And we were able to settle out for very nominal amounts with those people.

I suspect there are 40 remaining trucking companies, 20 are partial Qualcomm users. That is why I am saying before, if we can simply find out the number of units they have that weren't Qualcomm units, it could be really small amounts, in which case we might just let them out, or it could be really nominal settlements. We just don't have that information.

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So, if they want contentions by company, what we just need from them is what brand of unit are you using, and you know, we think it would be useful for the Court to help efficiently get rid of a lot of these Defendants out of the case, to know the units. That is not relevant to contentions, but --

THE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Is there a reason that the focus -- and maybe I will use the wrong words here -- is on something other than -- in a common case you will see almost always the manufacturers present, and depending on the size and nature of the supplier and their involvement with the manufacturer, you may see suppliers, quite unusual, at least at the claim construction stage to see the end users battling out claim construction issues. And maybe that is not what you mean by saying these different companies, the trucking companies.

MR. FARNEY: Yes. The reason is this. We originally brought the action against only trucking

companies and not the manufacturers. And that was because we have a different damages theory that would relate to the trucking companies, rather than to the manufacturers. And PJC as the patent owner is entitled to seek its royalty from whichever party it wishes. The case law is clear on that.

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And we felt like we were -- we had a better royalty model, a more advantageous royalty model with respect to the users of the device and the savings they make from using this device than the manufacturers.

What happened when we sued the trucking companies is a number of the manufacturers DJ'd us, essentially came into the case on behalf of their customers and got themselves into the case.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Which isn't unusual to see.

MR. FARNEY: That is right. But, that is how most of them got in here.

Later some additional manufacturers -- we became aware of some additional manufacturers during the process that were not as well known. And since we already had some of the manufacturers in the case, we just felt it was better just to have them all in the case. But this sort of relates to an issue that is going to come up in a little while, whether we stay as to the trucking companies and go only as to the manufacturers, and we would be strongly opposed to

that because the damages model we ended up pursuing in the case is really related to the trucking companies' savings realized from using these systems, more than the manufacturer's sales.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, why don't I -- I think it might be more useful to see how many different positions there are. And I am looking actually now to not just 2, but part of 3, and then what some of the Defendants agree on and what maybe the Plaintiff does, and then we will take it from there, Judge Rau? All right?

MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, let me begin by going back to the original Qualcomm Declaratory Judgment action that was filed. I did file that on behalf of Qualcomm. And a statement that was made that I believe that was at least inferred that Qualcomm had settled because they were infringing and had acknowledged that, that was not the case. That is not the basis for their settlement, nor was there an acknowledgement of --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: He is trying to get your attention.

MR. FARNEY: I apologize. I apologize. I should have been clearer. There was no admission in any of those settlements that anybody infringed and I didn't mean to say that. What there was, was there was a discussion that they had, at a high level, the monitoring of an event and a

cellular transmission --

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. FARNEY: I didn't mean to imply that anybody admitted infringement by settlement. I didn't clarify that.

MR. WILLIAMS: And I accept that. Which brings me then to the antenna issue. And the question that we have got, and the real problem that we have as a group of Defendants, we just heard now that one of the things they did, not for all of the trucking companies that had been sued, is look at the top of the truck and see if it had two antennas, a cellular antenna and a GPS antenna.

Well, they looked at a bunch of the Qualcomm ones, and the Qualcomm had this universal kind of antenna which could work for -- and when I was out there meeting with them and going through all of that, I said: What is this one for? And I said: That looks like a GPS locational -- no, no, that is HD TV for the driver. So, in the back end they have one so they can get an HD TV in the back of their little extended cab things.

So, there are a lot of uses that these antennas can have that are not infringing. And to simply go and to take a look and say, well, if you have two antennas, then it could be that you infringe. So, I am going to sue you and I am going to find out if you do.

And the way we see that, we are not even close.

1 We are not even close to an adequate Rule 11 basis to bring 2 an action if that is all you have done. Here is an example. My iPhone -- some of the folks thought this wasn't a great 3 I thought it was a good one. My iPhone has a GPS 4 5 antenna and it has a cellular antenna. Now, if I stick this with duct tape to the windshield of my Kenworth --6 7 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Do you have a 8 Kenworth? I can't picture you driving an 18-wheeler. 9 shouldn't have said that. 10 MR. WILLIAMS: It kind of looks like a Kenworth if 11 you really jack it up. 12 THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Oversized 13 tires. 14 MR. WILLIAMS: So, my hypothetical Kenworth, if I 15 stick it up there, then that would be an infringement. 16 There is a lot of other reasons why that may not infringe. 17 In fact, the two things may not be communicating, sending 18 information back about location. It may be that some of 19 these trucking companies are only using their GPS for 20 locational information for the driver. And they may use 21 their cell phone antenna for nothing more than voice 2.2 communications. 23 It certainly would not be enough for any Judge to 24 authorize a search warrant to do that, and it certainly 25 isn't the basis for a civil litigation, either, just to say

you got two antennas up there, so we will invite you in here and then ask you informally, well, you know, do you infringe? So, that is a real issue.

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It may be that the only way that we get to that to resolve it is the Court may have to take a look at in detail what that pre-suit investigation was, and then first conclude, is that sufficient for you to bring these people in here and start conducting discovery. I mean, it is a real serious issue as to whether or not you have got enough information to be able to do that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: So, what do you say? And maybe when I say you, you will say, well, this is what I say, but that doesn't mean the group is on the same page.

What are the way or ways, in addition to what you just said looking at the pre-suit discovery, what are the ways that we could resolve that? And, you know, you talked about this earlier and the Plaintiff has made a brief response. What do you say are the best way with or without court involvement? It may well be with, we may soon find out, to resolve that issue -- because what you are both implying is, well, apart from whether some of the Defendants should have been sued or not, and the Rule 11 implications if some of the information is exchanged, some of these

or have such minor cases that they will be gone before long.

But, you don't have the information to make that decision.

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Now, the Plaintiff is trying to get in here, too, so why don't you just stay right there?

MR. FARNEY: What I have been saying is, there is an issue that we have, setting aside the antenna issue --

THE REPORTER: Could you come to the podium?

MR. FARNEY: The only comment I was going to make is that, as I mentioned earlier, we had a few Defendants that indicated to us that they no longer use the units, that they may have earlier, but they did before we filed suit. And all we have done with those kind of Defendants is said, sign a simple declaration that says you don't have a system that does the fleet tracking steps discussed, and we dismiss you out.

If they are really saying, and maybe they are. I don't think they are. If they are really saying, look, we don't use fleet tracking systems, or maybe we have these two antennas, but our antennas don't talk to each other. If they simply want to call us and tell us that and sign a declaration under oath to that effect, we will dismiss them out. We are not trying to keep them in if they are not using it. But none of them are saying that to us yet. It is really a matter of them, you know, knowing that they have them, I think, and simply trying to do this procedural

1 barrier. But, if they really don't have them, tell us and we will drop that immediately. We have done that with the 2 parties who have told us that. 3 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Williams, 4 5 back to you, whether it is in response to that or to carry on with what you were saying? 6 7 MR. WILLIAMS: The question was asked, what else can we do that would help get us there. 8 9 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes. 10 MR. WILLIAMS: And I think that we do have one 11 piece, and that would be to give us a detailed claim 12 analysis of what it is that they say their patent covers, 13 and then which piece of equipment, you know, from which 14 manufacturers, you know, how does it relate to those pieces? I think that would be a starting point. 15 16 Now, there is -- I think maybe Mr. Bremer or Mr. 17 Lee might want to address -- they do have a pending motion 18 that is before the Court that has been taken off for 19 hearing, but they may want to address that more specifically 20 as to what they feel they need. And you -- yeah. 21 MR. LEE: Your Honor, I will make a couple of 2.2 quick comments to that effect. As you recall, we did file 23 these motions, I quess, for a more definite statement. 24 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: You did. 25 MR. LEE: We took them off calendar agreeing to

what we laid out, I thought pretty exhaustively, in our last conference, a procedure by which we would be informed of what systems we use or what systems are alleged to infringe. The practical reality is we are not much further along than where we were.

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We did get a letter late on Monday which basically said: We are looking for these types of systems. If you have one, let us know. And I have not yet had a chance to discuss that with my client if they had these types of systems. But it is, literally, an identification of here is what we looking for. Here are the types of companies or manufacturers that we think may be involved in this.

We don't know what you do or what you have, but if you have some of this, come talk to us. And you heard counsel: Give us the numbers, and we will settle you out real cheaply. So, fundamentally, we have got two problems. It is a chicken or an egg sort of thing.

The concern we have is this Plaintiff wants to get to court, in effect, to just turn potential settlements cheaply to get people out, versus adequately investigating claims and bringing a legitimate infringement claim. So now we are looking at it from a position of, we are bidding against ourselves. We go to them and say: Here is what we think you may be interested in, and here is what, you know, we then think we want to now put into the case because you

have generally alleged, these are the types of things you are looking for and we hope you have one. But, we are sitting here today and I am not in a position where I can say honestly on the record my clients have one of these or not. Because we have heard about the first time in writing what it is they are looking for.

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We filed our motions, their pleadings doesn't have it, their Complaint doesn't have it. Maybe it is appropriate for them to have to amend their Complaint to put these more specific, but still factually generalized allegations in their pleadings. So, we are in the process of investigating that. But, you have heard counsel, once you figure out what it is you have and how many you have, come tell us and we will figure out a number and everybody will go away. And fundamentally we have a principal problem with that, coupled with we are now just learning this information and we are now in the process of investigating it.

Today I am not going to say we are ready to put our motions back on the calendar, but we have got concerns that I have to talk to my client about and work through that just in the last day we have been unable, given the travel up here yesterday, as well, it's hard to get through.

MR. FARNEY: Your Honor, I would like to speak to that, just briefly.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Farney?

MR. FARNEY: I think it is very important. And I am glad Coca-Cola's counsel spoke, because I think it highlights the disingenuousness of what is going on.

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We sued Coca-Cola and told them that your infringement is using fleet tracking systems that have these kind of features. As I mentioned to you earlier, we can't necessarily know which brand they are using, but we can tell they are using a brand.

Coca-Cola had, after we filed suit, had indemnification discussions with Qualcomm about the Qualcomm units that Coca-Cola was using to discuss getting out of the case. So, Coca-Cola didn't have a problem knowing immediately what we were talking about in this suit, and immediately what units we were talking about. And in fact, Coca-Cola is out with respect to the Qualcomm units. So, they know there is a fleet manager in these big fleets. One call to the guy that runs the fleet system to say, tell us which companies we're using, and they will know.

What we sent them was a list, as what we said we know. We know you are using systems, we know from your own counsel that you are using systems other than Qualcomm because they told us when they settled out Qualcomm they are using other systems other than Qualcomm and you shouldn't dismiss them out entirely. We just don't know which ones

they are. But for them to act like, well, we have no idea what they are talking about and we have no way to find out what this is, and we don't know how they even possibly sued us is ridiculous. Because Qualcomm, they immediately started talking to Qualcomm and we settled Qualcomm out.

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This is not a matter of, I should add, of us saying, oh, we are just suing you. We are going to try to settle up here for a nuisance amount.

There are parties in here who have paid millions of dollars in royalties recognizing this patent as a valuable, fundamental patent in the fleet tracking world. When I mentioned that we have settled out people for small amounts, it turns out that there were trucking fleets who were 95 or 98 percent Qualcomm.

And once you settled with Qualcomm, and they were out, they had maybe 50 trucks left. Or they had tried some other companies' units on a test basis, or 100 trucks, or something like that. So, we settled them for small amounts.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. FARNEY: That is the small settlement amounts. There are some parties here right now in this case that have, from what we can tell, their entire fleet size is 100 trucks or 200 trucks or 500 trucks.

It would be true that if they talked with us, the settlement would be small amounts. But, it is not because

we are settling out on nuisance amounts. There's also parties here with tens of thousands of trucks, and that is not going to settle for, you know, low amounts of money.

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So, this is not a nuisance settlement where we are suing a bunch of people and trying to roll them out without discovery kind of case. And I kind of resent that implication. They all know better than that. And they also know exactly what units they have that are accused. Just like Coca-Cola knew and knows what units it has when it went and talked to Qualcomm after we filed our supposedly generalized complaint. That is what is going on.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

Before we take a recess, and then we'll proceed and finish up, let's let both Coca-Cola's counsel and anyone else who wants to address this issue say what you -- come on up, counsel. And then we will take the recess. And we will have a plan of action as we recess later this morning that will address this issue. So --

MR. LEE: Counsel is correct. Coca-Cola was at one point represented by counsel for -- who was put into the case by Qualcomm. When Qualcomm says we are going to engage on this issue, we identify you as one of our customers, so we are going to handle any litigation relating to any equipment you have of ours.

As counsel noted, I don't think there was any

1 discussion or admission of infringement, or that even these 2 systems practiced these claims. But, Qualcomm protected its 3 interests and protected its clients. And Coca-Cola was 4 protected to that point, for whatever Qualcomm was doing. 5 But, sitting here today, Qualcomm is gone. presumably any other allegations extend to whatever else we 6 7 are doing. And we are still in a position of -- we didn't understand that the Qualcomm issues were involved directly. 8 9 Qualcomm came to us, put themselves into it and resolved 10 themselves. And now we are left with what else is left. 11 And that is what we are continuing to investigate. 12 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 13 MR. LEE: We are looking at these issues, Your 14 I mean, Counsel gave us this information on Honor. 15 Monday --16 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I want to hear 17 the rest of the Defendants, first. 18 MR. LEE: Counsel gave us this information on 19 Monday --20 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 21 MR. LEE: And we are looking into it to see. But, 2.2 again, it is also a principle position we are taking, Your 23 Honor. 24 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Come right up. 25 MR. HILL: Your Honor --

MR. WILLIAMSON: Your Honor, this is Nick
Williamson on behalf of SAIA Motor Freight Line LLC. May I
speak?

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. WILLIAMSON: I would just like to add that in response to Plaintiff's argument, I think what they are saying is really flipping the script here, Your Honor.

The problem that we have is with not necessarily our understanding of what their allegations are, but with what their understanding was and whether that was reasonable in terms of a pre-filing investigation. And what the Federal Circuit has said in the View Engineering versus Robotic Vision Inc. case is that a prospective plaintiff has to actually compare each specific subsequently accused product to the patent claims to analyze infringement before filing suit. And here we think there are real questions about PJC's ability to do that simply by looking to see whether or not there is an antenna on top of a cab. And that in turn impacts our ability to substantially defend our case because we don't know, Your Honor, exactly what PJC is saying. And frankly, from the letters that we have gotten from them, it appears they don't know, either. And that really goes to the dispute, here. It is in terms of what PJC knows and is able to disclose to us and is able to verify through a pre-suit investigation, and not based on

1 what a defendant can do by going to a fleet manager and 2 trying to connect the dots that PJC should have connected 3 before bringing its lawsuit. 4 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 5 Let me hear from the other Defendants first, and so we get a picture before we take a short -- we will take 10 minutes 6 7 and then finish up. Go ahead. THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Mr. Hill? 8 9 MR. HILL: Thank you, Your Honor. I am going to 10 try to --11 THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Come a little 12 closer to the microphone. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yeah, that is 13 14 not one of those fancy entertainment mikes. 15 MR. HILL: How is that, better? 16 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: There you go. 17 MR. HILL: Okay. I am going to try to raise a 18 couple of additional points, rather than restating the 19 points that have already been made. I see a chicken in the 20 egg problem here, as well, but the way that my clients see 21 the chicken and the egg is, who goes first? 2.2 Does the plaintiff who brings the case have to 23 provide infringement disclosures where they at least 24 functionally describe on an element by element issue what it 25 is that they are seeing, or what it is that they claim they

can see inside of a given defendant's systems that gives rise to the belief at the outset of the case that there is infringement?

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There is utility to providing that before going into discovery in the case, which is why the Northern District of California's Local Patent Rules, the Northern District of Georgia's Local Patent Rules and every other set of standardized Local Patent Rules that I have been able to find sets forth as Rule 3-1, that the infringement disclosures are to be provided with as much specificity as the plaintiff can muster, given what they know.

At that point in time Local Rule 3-2 then provides that in response to that, we have to provide them with discovery on the specifically identified systems. Whether those systems are identified by their manufacturer name or by an adequate functional description of how the system operates.

Now, why does this matter? I listen to the Plaintiff's counsel describe that they know how the systems work, they are just not sure which manufacturer the Defendants are using. But, that leaves as a gaping hole the question of whether or not the Defendants are using a third-party manufactured system at all.

So, a functional description on an element-by-element basis can at least frame the issue and

allow these Defendants to go back and query with their clients and we don't -- it's not a get out of jail free card for the Defendants, because as I understand the way the rule works on this Court's forum, we have to come back and tell them whether we have that or not. But, our point is that we think that the Plaintiff brought this case. The Plaintiff should have to go first. And for those Defendants who are concerned about the adequacy of the pre-filing investigation, the only way to be able to test that is in a true fashion having done patent infringement litigation for the better part of the last 15 years is to be able to see what those infringement disclosures look like before the Plaintiff can dive into the Defendants own documents and conduct discovery in the case. Because once that happens, infringement contentions may change. And if they are going to change, that is how it needs to play out in the litigation. They need to ask the Court for permission to change their infringement contentions. That is valuable in and of itself for the Defendants that wish to raise the adequacy of the pre-filing investigation. My clients haven't made any determination whether or not to test the Rule 11 issue because we don't have enough information to know one way or the other. We've heard some new things today from Mr. Farney, and I am willing to take him at his word regarding some of the things that they claim to have

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done. But, all we have heard to this point in the written exchanges is the phrase fleet management system. Well, fleet management system for my client Ryder means a whole lot of different things. They have one division, for example, that uses 12 different systems that could arguably be described as fleet management systems. Some of that code was written in-house, some of it was acquired from third parties. But, it is very difficult and I mentioned this 30 days ago when --

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: When you asked for the letter, the January 20th letter.

MR. WILLIAMSON: Yeah, I was the one that originally raised the question of getting a more adequate explanation of what claims or and what kinds of systems we are really talking about here.

Having now seen the letter that basically says you either do this or you do this, meaning this manufacturer's system or this manufacturer's system, or you have an internal system. To a company like Ryder, that is as much as saying, go figure it out. You are a smart guy. We don't think that we should have to figure it out in the first case. We think that they owe us adequate disclosures on an element-by-element basis. We think that the patents require a little bit more in terms of the claim elements than the simplified view that has been portrayed of the systems which

arguably would infringe today.

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We want to know what functionally they think we have that is meeting this description of the claims. And that would dramatically expedite our ability to go to the client, research this, get back to the Plaintiffs either by entering into settlement negotiations or responding that, hey, we don't have them. You are wrong on your supposition regarding the settlement. We don't have that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Any other defendant, before we -- want to jump in on this issue?

Let's take a ten-minute recess. We will come back here. If I cut off a Defendant, a brief response from the Plaintiff on this issue, and then what we will promise you is that with or without additional submissions, whether you all agree it is chicken or the egg, we will decide what is going to go first with appropriate input from you in the next couple of weeks, if not before. So, we are going to get this issue resolved so that -- and then I guess we will see if -- regardless of which comes first -- if it does resolve some of the issues or some of the parties, go on their way separate from whether some of you are contemplating Rule 11 issues.

So, we will see you back in 10 minutes and then we will finish up. We will leave off here and go right through, and finish off before noon. All right? We are in

1	recess.
2	(Discussion off the record.)
3	(Recess.)
4	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: You may all be
5	seated. Thank you. Before I hear a brief response from
6	Plaintiff, Mr. Williams?
7	MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, a couple of things real
8	briefly. First, the two dates the Court proposed March 22nd
9	and April 12
10	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: They are bust?
11	MR. WILLIAMS: All those are good. Everybody
12	agreed that they
13	THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Too early or
14	too late?
15	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, I would
16	lean towards the earlier date unless I interrupted you.
17	So maybe you were going to tell us too late or too early.
18	MR. WILLIAMS: It's an up.
19	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And then what
20	we will do is, I will make it clear in the Order, but make
21	it clear today and it was my fault we didn't before.
22	Depending on people's flights and depending on who all is
23	going to be here, if we meet we have two options. We can
24	meet at 8:30 to 9:30 in chambers or we can do it 9:00 to
25	10:00, with the understanding we will come to the courtroom.

1 Not that we -- if we need the full hour back there, fine. 2 But in fairness to anybody who would be coming, because it 3 won't be open to the public back in chambers, and depending 4 on how many people are here, we will either use my chambers 5 or the major conference room for the whole building is right 6 next to my chambers. 7 So, we will have plenty of room, that won't be the It can be 8:30 or 9:00, set aside an hour. I can do 8 issue. 9 either. If somebody is saying, well, it really makes it --10 we would prefer nine, so if somebody flies in here early in 11 the morning. 12 MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, I think that also helps us have some time. We met this morning for coffee in 13 14 advance, so if we could do a 9:00 start --15 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: 9:00 it is. 16 MR. WILLIAMS: That gives us a chance to get 17 together. If I bought the coffee this morning, I am hoping 18 somebody else will get it next time. 19 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, and I 20 can tell you, I will have coffee ready for you back in 21 chambers. So, you can get that early morning buzz for those 2.2 of you that need that caffeine. So --23 MR. FARNEY: Plaintiff would like to suggest decaf for the Defendants. 24 25 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: So, you are

going to drink -- which are you going to drink? You want them to drink decaf and vice-versa?

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MR. FARNEY: I will be willing to do the same.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: We will have both.

MR. WILLIAMS: Second, Your Honor, we thought it would be beneficial for the Court if the parties were to submit to you within a week short letter briefs to this issue that we have been discussing about earlier today that could help guide you?

think would be -- here is what we had discussed over the break, and I think I implied it before we went out. But, that is perfectly fine. That would make sense. And what I would agree to do, probably with the two or three-day turnaround time, unless I feel I need more information, would make a response on -- now we are talking about the chicken and the egg issue as it has been described, not the disqualification issue.

I was going to suggest, but this probably is better, unless there is some reason the Plaintiff objects, that along with a proposed -- both what is agreed and what not, within two weeks the 26(f) report so we can generate an order, either off the bench or right around that date when you come back in March, unless the issues to be decided --

we can cut the Order and leave an issue or two for that date.

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I was going to say, submit your response to this on that date. But you know what? If it comes in a week, I will have an order turned around on that limited issue within a couple of days. So, we can get down the road on that issue that I think will benefit both parties in terms of who steps first. Is that acceptable to the Plaintiff, as well, that timeline?

MR. FARNEY: I believe so. So, we are going to submit a letter brief on the question of how we proceed on it?

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yeah, on what the issues we have been discussing about. And then I will agree, absent some compelling reason that I see in the letter, that we discuss, and I can't imagine what that would be, I would then agree today that once I see those, and in the highly unlikely event that we decided that we needed additional information to make the decision, we would pick up the phone and have a very short telephone conference with a couple of you. That is really not going to happen.

Because what I envision is that what we discussed is, get the response, and then I will do an Order within a couple of days after receipt of those. So, we won't wait for March 12th on that issue because I don't think that would benefit

either one of you. So, all right?

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So that takes care of that, so -- not to oversimplify the issue, but I think that will resolve it. And then you have got a record, each of you, of where you stand with that issue.

Now, does Coca-Cola want to be heard on the issue of the 12(b)(6)? Or does anyone else want to be heard on that issue? I guess it wasn't -- are we going to stand down on that for a short time?

MR. LEE: Yes, Your Honor. We filed motions on behalf of Coca-Cola and the two U.P.S. entities.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes.

MR. LEE: We don't want to unnecessarily make them file briefs, you know, or something, like I said. I think the way it was -- where it was left is we filed our initial briefs. It had been calendared, for a calendar, for a hearing, but they had not responded because the response had not come up yet.

And so, if we can, again, our whole goal was to get down this path and get what we need to get without unnecessary work. And if we can get there, we think it is appropriate to hold them for now.

We may, like I said, we just learned this new additional information. We are going to go to our clients. We may ask at some point that they amend their Complaint to

provide whatever detail they have, but it goes to the disclosure issue. If we get what we get, we are not going to stand on the pro forma of these motions if we get where we need to get.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, and generally, sometimes the Court walks a fine line, but it isn't such a fine line with good experienced lawyers of -- the easier, in some cases, not unique to MDLs, the easier access and quick access to a Judge or Magistrate Judge, or both of us, sometimes say, well you become the enabler when you do that rather than the lawyers talking to each other you just -- that doesn't really happen. My point is, if things change, whether it is from the Defendants' point of view or the Plaintiffs you don't have to wait until the next hearing once we get a system set up apart from this issue about putting things on the agenda with notice by a simple letter without formal motion practice. I think that is going to suit everybody's purposes.

But, generally, we will try to make ourself accessible. If we seem to be resolving something, as opposed to, well, what is really happening is people stop talking to each other, they just call the Judge. And so then of course that would defeat the purpose. And that usually doesn't happen. So, it seems like, and I saw a nod from the Plaintiff's counsel. Mr. Cunningham?

1 This is on a similar, similar MR. CUNNINGHAM: 2 issue, Your Honor. 3 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. MR. CUNNINGHAM: PJC filed a motion to dismiss the 4 5 affirmative defenses and counterclaim of General Motors in the Delaware case and since that has been transferred, I 6 7 guess that is now before you. 8 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 9 I don't know what the briefing MR. CUNNINGHAM: 10 schedule would be. I would hope honestly that they would 11 reconsider and drop it. The issue is that we didn't plead 12 our affirmative defenses of invalidity, Laches and estoppel, 13 and our counterclaim of invalidity with particularity, which 14 I think is ironic, considering their pleading. But that said, I have done a survey of probably 20 to 25 of the 15 16 answers of the other Defendants filed in this case, as well 17 as asking defense counsel, and every single one of them pled 18 the exact same thing I did. And not one motion to dismiss 19 was filed on any of those. 20 So, I don't know why their pleadings would be 21 adequate, but GM's wouldn't. But, that is something I guess 2.2 that we will have to put on your calendar for briefing. 23 MR. FARNEY: I can speak to that. 24 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. FARNEY:

That is because GM got the reasonable

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counsel for PJC out of the case. The other parties, we weren't going to go into nonsense like that. And just if they've got their pleading, we will figure out what their Laches positions are later. GM got us out of the case and PJC got other counsel who took a different view of how to handle that matter.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Can we deal with the -- for lack of a better word, stand down on that issue temporarily until we see where the disqualification issue is going to go, and then if it doesn't go where you people want it to go, we may have to hear all of that stuff together, one maybe preceding the other.

MR. FARNEY: If Mr. Cunningham will let me speak for PJC Logistics in a matter related to GM, I will do that. But I don't want to get him all upset and do that without his consent.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: And I thank you for that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: He doesn't look too upset. Maybe he has got a good poker face.

MR. CUNNINGHAM: If it comes to getting a motion withdrawn against my client, that will be fine. As far as tabling it, I am all for that, obviously, for now.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think we should just stand down with the assurance of Plaintiff saying, well, if the worst happens, if we could have just

had this heard before the disqualification, we will do it in some fair order. As a footnote of this, it is probably the furthest thing from anybody's concern, the whole Iqbal and Twombly thing and affirmative defenses, and the applicability of those cases to affirmative defenses, in one minute or less I will just tell you, one Judge in our District -- I am not the Judge. Judge Montgomery has ruled that they apply to affirmative defenses. All of the rest of us have said, no, they don't. And the Eighth Circuit has not ruled, but I have ruled two or three times that it does not apply to affirmative defenses. But, that is probably the furthest thing from everybody's concern right now.

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MR. FARNEY: I can speak for -- I think I am allowed to speak for PJC and say we are happy with it being stand down for now, and frankly probably withdraw, but stand down for now.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Thank you.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Thank you.

Well, I think that unless I have -- why don't we agree on a date before I move on on the 26(f) report, separate from the submissions on the chicken and the egg issue. If we took

23 two weeks from Friday, that would be -- if I can get a

calendar in front of me -- let's see, the 3rd --

MR. WILLIAMS: That would be the 17th, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Would that be acceptable by noon on that date? It would be two weeks from Friday. What we get is proposed 26(f) reports, so that if all of the Defendants agreed on one, and the Plaintiffs did, so much the better.

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I don't think that will happen. And so that as long as we know, here is what we agree on, here is what we do not. And depending upon what the nature of the disagreements are, but we would give you notice first. We would either cut an order, but more likely sit tight until March 12th, unless we look and say, well, let's move some of these things along. But, we would let you know depending upon what the nature of the conflict of this agreement is. That is what we will do with that. And I will put that in the Order, as well. But, it will reflect what we did here, so there can be no -- did you want to say something about that, Your Honor?

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Yeah, as I said, I would like it if you attached to the Rule 26(f) report your addendum that borrows from Guidant how you would like to informally submit --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And you know what I will do is I will -- even though you can get it on line, I will locate in the numerous orders -- it is a rather cumbersome process looking at the -- it is on our website.

And I put -- by the way, this case is now up on our website, as well. It is in this developing stage. But, it is up there. If you go under MDLs, you will see this case on our website and our IT people got it up, I think, about a week ago. But, I will send to attach to the Order that comes out, that Order where we set up this kind of, for lack of a better word, informal process. It seemed to work very well.

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Nobody complained we were cutting corners or trampling on the rules, but I will send that with the Order that will go out. So --

MR. FARNEY: Your Honor, I want to make sure I understood the five-page letter brief I am going to do on the chicken and egg.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: One week.

MR. FARNEY: One week, not with the 26(f) --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And that way it seems like a good suggestion, unless there was something there that would seem to indicate it wouldn't be appropriate and fair for all parties concerned to respond to it with an immediate turnaround Order by the Court, that is what we will do.

And if we are going to do anything other than that, Ms. Schaffer, my calendar clerk, will ring you up and say, with or without objection, we either want more information or we are going to sit tight until March 12th.

1 I don't believe that is what -- you won't get that call. 2 will get that in a week, and then the 26(f) issues will come 3 two weeks from Friday. 4 MR. FARNEY: I would like to make one more 5 proposal. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 6 7 MR. FARNEY: If it is possible, I would like to see if we could ask GM's counsel to decide, to let us know 8 9 in a week whether they are going to seek disqualification. 10 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think he 11 said he agreed to two weeks. We will see if he can do it in 12 a week. MR. FARNEY: I was going to add that if they 13 14 decide they are not going to, which I hope that is what they 15 will decide, what I was going to suggest was then that we 16 would work out with them a suggestion to the Court as to how 17 we would proceed in the MDL and include that in the 26(f) 18 report as to how to handle GM issues. That is why I was 19 suggesting a week --20 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Let's find out 21 what Mr. Cunningham thinks of the idea. Maybe he can't 2.2 until he has talked to his folks, he can't commit to that. 23 MR. CUNNINGHAM: I think you are right, Your 24 I can do my best to get this done in a week.

certainly make an effort, but a lot of that is going to be

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depending on my client.

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As an alternative, I certainly discussed with my client maybe some possible ways we could shield it, or if it is feasible, and I will talk with my client about that. And if that is the case, the I will get with Mr. Farney.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Let's leave it this way, then, let's say the worst happens, which isn't a very worst case scenario, that it isn't done so you can include that in the 26(f) report in two weeks. If it then happens on the eve of that or something where the two of you could talk between then and March 12th, if you talk and, with or without agreement, you identify the issues and want to submit a short supplement -- it wouldn't be everybody, but a supplement saying, well, now we have the information. We didn't have it when that came in. We will agree to address it, if not before, at that March 12th hearing. Or, if that comes in so it is clear what your respective positions are, we will probably set up a telephone conference, not with everybody, unless they all want to be involved, and say, all right, it looks like it is unavoidable, it looks like we are going to have to set up an expedited hearing. Let's agree on a briefing schedule.

If that becomes the scenario somewhere before the 12th, we won't wait for the 12th, we will ring you up and see if we can set a schedule, unless you have agreed to

something on, well we can't agree on the outcome but we can agree on a schedule to move this along.

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So, as long as we have things, if I have things three or four days in advance, sometimes lawyers will say, well, how much time do we have to submit the briefing, as long as I have got a weekend, or at least three days, give or take, depending on the nature of it? I will try to work with the lawyers on that. So, all right?

MR. CUNNINGHAM: Sounds good.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think, then, that takes us to --

MS. MERRIETT: Your Honor?

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes?

MS. MERRIETT: Hi. This is Connie Merriett from Farney & Daniels. I wanted to mention one small logistics item. I want to be sure that we are able to be in regular communication with the joint defense group on issues regarding Rule 26. I know they meet on Mondays, and occasionally that slows things down so the communication doesn't occur as frequently with the defense group as we might need to resolve some of these issues. So, I just wanted to mention formally, I would encourage more regular communication when we have to meet and confer on the Rule 26, given that the two weeks goes by rather quickly, you know, and they have Monday meetings. And I have found that,

you know, I know it is difficult to meet with that many defense counsel and get a response and have everyone agree, but that hopefully we can encourage and facilitate more regular communication when we have upcoming deadlines so that we don't wait until the last minute to hear back from the defense group.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I am confident Mr. Williams is going to have it under control. He is nodding his head up and down, not the other way, Counsel.

MR. WILLIAMS: Our regular Monday meetings are scheduled, but that doesn't mean we don't talk and communicate by e-mail in advance of that. So, we can move things along.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And I doubt that counsel will be bashful at the next hearing or before saying, well we weren't able to work this out because there was no meet and confer, because most lawyers don't like to have to say that to a judge.

MR. WILLIAMS: To that end, Your Honor, I think it might help us with the Rule 26(f) if maybe before we got to the 2d on there, if the Court was prepared today to give us some guidance on the idea of damage delay as opposed to bifurcation, I think if we were to have an agreement that that is what we were going to do with this case, then us getting together on a composite 26(f) is going to be much,

1 much easier, because that would then resolve a big chunk of 2 it. 3 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: In other 4 words, not address -- either stage it so that out of the 5 block you are not going to be exchanging discovery and dealing with issues relating to damages? 6 7 MR. WILLIAMS: Correct. So, if Your Honor was to 8 say today, yes, I think that would make sense for this case, 9 that will help the parties formulate a single 26(f) report, 10 I think, that will look -- we will be able to get to 11 agreement on most of the other issues. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Does the 12 Plaintiff want to be heard on that? 13 14 MR. FARNEY: Your Honor, I think maybe we can talk 15 about this during the next two weeks. I think we would be 16 agreeable to -- you don't want to use bifurcation, you want 17 to use what, delay --18 MR. WILLIAMS: Delayification. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Delay or stage 19 20 if you like the "S" word better, the stage. 21 MR. FARNEY: I think we will agree to mostly 2.2 delayification. We want some pretty specific information 23 pretty narrowly limited earlier, because I think that would 24 be helpful for a lot of purposes. I think we can discuss it

and se if we can reach agreement on sort of that narrow --

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I saw a thumbs-up, but let me give you just a bit of a guidance but maybe you don't need it because of what you both have just said. But, we would approve of what you called it, a delayed or staged process for the -- and then because there is a safety valve for all sides of the runway here, because if the worst happens and you are saying, well now we didn't foresee it coming, but because of the agreement we have with or without the Court defining its scope, there is some discovery we claim we need that is related both to damages and liability and other issues, well then any stipulation can say absent further order of the Court, so that you won't hear the "W" word come out of my mouth. Well, you waived that back when you agreed on that. I won't discuss it with you. I really think we can do it that way. I think a staged, to delayed, or layered approach to this makes some sense until I am convinced otherwise. So --

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MR. FARNEY: And largely, like I said, we are in agreement with that. What I am mainly talking about is at some point earlier in the discovery getting a sense of how many units we are talking about. For instance, if we are in a situation where there are only 5 or 10 units, you know, we would handle something differently. But not get into things like profit margins, unit prices, all of that more detailed stuff, I think we would be fine with that.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Williams, does that give you enough common ground to see if we can -
MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, Your Honor, I think we have made a lot of progress, and we will get there.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

All right. Move on to 3. Unless I have overlooked something, some of these issues have spilled into 3a and b, and maybe already c, but who -- would the Plaintiff like to be heard on these issues, your proposal, or do you think we are at the point now where we will see if we can agree on something and there is not much more to be said? Or is there something you need us to do at this stage?

MR. FARNEY: I think there are just two points, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right.

MR. FARNEY: One, and this probably relates to the earlier discussion, without getting into the chicken and egg dispute again or question again, I would like to suggest that the Plaintiff -- we have provided the now list with all of the license manufacturers who have taken a license in the case.

We think it is likely that some of the Trucking

Defendants don't have anymore units that aren't licensed,

but we just don't know. So, our suggestion, at least, would

be for you to ask counsel on the Defendants' side before we

do the 26(f) report in two weeks, just to check with our clients and let us know, there is no point — we have no interest in proceeding with someone who is licensed out. We just don't have a full knowledge of what units they are using. We are not asking them to tell us, except if they come back and say, hey, we did check, all of our ones are licensed. We could have a conversation with them to assist in that, I think, I may be surprised, but I think that is going to dismiss out at least several Defendants, and maybe quite a few. So, I don't think we should wait for anybody to do that. That would be at least our suggestion.

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The second thing, really -- maybe if I could give a response on that first, because my second one is really a different --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right, go right ahead.

MR. FARNEY: The second one goes to part 3 of the agenda. And it has to do with the parties agreeing on, in the 26(f) report, a discovery. And the one issue that I saw where I think the parties may be a little different, and I thought maybe getting some guidance from the Court might be helpful.

For example, interrogatories, our proposal is that we get a certain number and they get -- they get more and they get some few individualized ones, so they ask us a

bunch of common interrogatories, and then they get a few that are specific to them.

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They have proposed a much broader structure where they get 15 common and 15 per Defendant to us. We have no problem in getting them whatever discovery they are entitled to, and if it is individualized, getting that discovery -- but, I have a hard time imagining if we end up with 20 trucking companies left, that they need to send 15 common interrogatories and 300 individual interrogatories that are truly asking different information. So, we are willing to give them reasonable limits, reasonable discovery.

And if they need more when we come to a limit, we are not going to be difficult about that. But, the way it is proposed now, it sort of invites, frankly, the potential for abuse. We would rather have a report that is a little more limited at the start and then give them more of what they needed. And if we can get some guidance of your views on that, that would be helpful. I think that may be the one we will have a little disagreement on when we are talking in the next two weeks.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I think we should -- I haven't let the Defendants be heard, but I think we should see the -- and I will explain why in just a moment, the 26(f) reports without making a decision right now, but just to say the following.

Whether -- I think some of this relates back, some of it does not to the chicken and the egg. I think some of these issues come up even without that issue and maybe everybody will get sick of hearing -- let's come up with something other than the chicken and the egg, cart and the horse, or something like that.

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I think the more information that is exchanged, apart from the issue of who should exchange first, it may — it will tell us how reasonable and necessary it is to have how many additional individualized interrogatories per Defendant once — and I suspect they may agree. It is just what people don't agree on is who should be providing what to whom first. And we are going to resolve some of that, if not all of that, in the next 7 to 10 days.

So, I think maybe people, if you have to act on the information you have at the time the report comes in, because you are a little reluctant to say, well, it is hard to agree to this when we don't know how many individual claims or defenses we will have, depending upon the allegations or defenses, then I guess, say what you have to say, and then -- because I think it is going to become apparent earlier, rather than later, on the reasonableness of some of the individualized approaches to some of this discovery. Some of this is going to spill on to the claim construction issues, maybe, as well, at some point, sooner

1 rather than later.

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In other words, we are not really asking anybody to stipulate to anything, because sometimes a client will say to their lawyer: You agreed to do what? As opposed to: Well, the Judge said this is the way we are going to do it. So, does the defense want to be heard on that? Until we have had some exchange of information and see what the proposals are, we may need more information. To be fair to both parties, I think we should just play the hand out a bit here. I don't think it will delay things too far.

MR. FARNEY: That is fine I just wanted to raise the issues.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: That is fair enough.

MR. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, I think we can resolve a lot of that in the next couple of weeks as we work through that.

Backing up, though, to the first point?

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes.

MR. WILLIAMS: That I think we would like to deal with in our brief that we would file next week about the chicken and the egg issue about, can we answer at least how much non-Qualcomm stuff -- we will address that in our brief.

MR. FARNEY: I wasn't asking them to tell us how

much non-Qualcomm stuff, I am simply saying if they will just go check and they have all licensed units, then we ought to drop them out of the case. That was all I was saying. I wasn't trying to get into the chicken and the egg thing, I'm just saying if the reason -- I mean, if there case is dropping out, we are not trying to keep them in.

MR. WILLIAMS: Same response.

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THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. We will see what you have got to say, and then we will go from there.

Now, additionally, does the defense want to respond, or the Defendants on -- I guess we are at 3a and about to drift in -- we have drifted into both 3b and c at various points in the hearing, but Mr. Williams?

MR. WILLIAMS: As a general view, Your Honor, it is beneficial to all of us to come to a common proposal on any of these issues. It's beneficial to the Defendants, it's beneficial to the Plaintiffs. That is our goal. But, we are at this point unable to come up with saying we are going to be able to do it uniformly and all of that because there are unique issues.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I understand.

MR. WILLIAMS: On the issues of validity of the patent and claim construction, that lends itself by law to a common, much more of a common approach.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I am hopeful of that, yes.

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MR. WILLIAMS: Well, you know, and it is supposed to work that way and I have a feeling it will. On the infringement side, we need a lot more latitude there because there is a lot of variation, including the folks that have got their own custom stuff that they have had programmers write code to and stuff like that. That doesn't lend itself to that kind of a common sort of approach. As a general rule, we will try to do it as much as we possibly can, because it is beneficial to all of us.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Well, and I will say, whether this requires more involvement by us than in the normal case, so be it. But, I think because in the MDL context, you know, even though it may be that a patent case in the true sense of the word doesn't lend itself, and some people will say, so, how exactly did this get MDL'd on claim construction issues? But, what I will say is I think the more — whether it is by Court decision with input from the lawyers or stipulations or a combination, I think the more we can get an exchange of information, whether we have to limit its scope or not, I think that maybe we can resolve, if not all, we can narrow some of these infringement and claim construction issues which in theory could benefit each party as long as people don't feel they

have been thrown into a pool to say we have a right to our own individual claims, which is true.

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But, I am hoping that we can sort some of this out earlier, rather than later, because if that happens, unless I am totally naive or off point, it should hopefully benefit every party. And hopefully nobody is saying, well, we got swept into this and now we want to stand alone and have our own defense. I mean, I am not trying to cut that off, but we want to work with you and see if we can try and rule out some of these issues early on in the case. That may be more of our involvement, say, than we ordinarily would have.

MR. WILLIAMS: And we are definitely in agreement as to the spirit of that. Our only issue is that we will need to have the flexibility to have somebody who absolutely feels strongly about a particular unique point that they have got, and maybe it is because they have a brand new summer clerk that they are recruiting from Harvard and they are insistent -- you know, that is the best I can do sometimes. But collectively, thus far, we have done pretty good. Our caucuses worked well. We have even been able to count all of our ballots and we don't have any issues there, so it is working well at this point. But, we still have some folks that their clients have unique needs and unique positions that will require flexibility from a hard and fast rule.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And our commitment to everyone is we will keep our pulse on it so that if you need some fairly immediate response -- and with this background, we will look very careful with much scrutiny without depriving anybody of their fair day in court on trying to control the scope of the discovery, whether it is the number of times someone is deposed or the length, or the number of interrogatories, or the scope. We just -- I think the MDL Panel contemplates that we work with you on that and be very vigilant, and we will do just that.

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MR. WILLIAMS: Anything else on that point, on the general issues? I think that speaks to our overriding thoughts on how we would handle all of those points, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Because frankly speaking, whether it turns out to be in some degree premature or not, perhaps not, when we get these 26(f) proposed reports, I mean, I think we will know, and then with or without some additional guidance from the Court, we will know early on just what the important issues are that you need us to decide as soon as possible, or well, without this discovery, we can't agree on this or with this.

Obviously, one thing that jumped off the agenda, as we talked about it earlier this morning, before we came in,

wasn't so much some of the -- for lack of a better word, the garden variety of discovery issues, because even in the Guidant case it wasn't unusual for me to get a call during the middle of a deposition in Texas from counsel. And we would, either myself or Judge Boylan would always make ourselves available.

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But, one thing that jumped out unique to, I think a patent case is, you know, the issue of well each defendant needs the ability to depose witnesses for facts. Each has its own validity, claim construction, infringement -- I think that is the issue we will soon find out, and hopefully there will be, in everyone's interest, some issues in common so that we can put some scope on this.

It is premature now on, well, if we don't get some of this settled early on, what is this Markman hearing going to look like from each of your points of view? And in our District, I think we have copied some other districts, but we have been lobbied appropriately by the Patent Bar in our District. What we have found useful, this is chicken before the egg, speaking of that phrase, but a pre-Markman hearing discussing with the lawyers separate from a tutorial issue that may or may not be necessary to discuss the scope of things. And even if it relates to discovery issues has been very helpful.

And I think the Patent Bar here to their credit,

because we have a separate Patent Practice Committee has urged us to do that and I know I have done it in every case for the last couple of years. Well, there are some stop gap measures here that may benefit everyone. So, we will just see -- the other thing, I will sit tight until the end of the hearing. Judge Rau, do you have anything on that?

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: No.

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MR. WILLIAMS: The last point, Your Honor, on

scheduling like that where it does get to be more tricky to get a common piece done is in the depositions.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes.

MR. WILLIAMS: And what I have found in a number of these that I have done is that if you have -- I mean, obviously if you have 30 defendants, you know, you can't go in there and depose the inventor for 30 days.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: True.

MR. WILLIAMS: On the other hand, you just simply cannot get everything covered for all of those people that they want to get covered in a single day that the Rules would otherwise permit.

What we are going to propose is that we have one where we have a certain number of hours, perhaps 8 hours for a common one, and maybe 16 total for everybody else for individuals, or up to that point in time. But, we will need to have some additional --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I am going to see in this these cases, and we will deal with making sure everybody on all sides gets input. Because in the event you don't agree on some of those things, and that is likely to happen, we will just make sure we will make a decision quickly.

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Those are issues that come up in every case, especially this MDL case.

MR. WILLIAMS: And in dealing with a patent case where somebody says, all I have got is six questions. Would you ask these six questions for me? And it took an hour and 15 minutes just for the six questions. So, it is one where we will work very hard to try to make that a small number, but we will need some help with those depositions, as well.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Is there anything left on 3 that either one of you would like to -- and you say, what do you mean is there anything left? We have all sorts of things we need to get in front of you before I move on to the remainder. For Plaintiff, first?

MR. FARNEY: I don't think so, Your Honor.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Anderson?

MR. ANDERSON: I was going to step out of being, sitting, trying to look pretty. Just to clarify, on the Rule 26(f) for everyone's benefit, do Your Honors want one joint report? Or do you want a, here is the Plaintiffs,

1	here is the Defendants? Or do you want, here is what
2	everyone agrees on; and here is the Plaintiffs, what they
3	disagree on; and here is the Defendants and what they
4	disagree on?
5	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: The latter,
6	that is the latter.
7	MR. ANDERSON: Three.
8	THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Door number
9	three.
10	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yeah, door
11	number three.
12	MR. ANDERSON: And the other thing is, I thought
13	that the next status conference was the 22nd. You mentioned
14	the 12th a couple of times. It is March 22nd, correct?
15	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yeah, I am
16	sorry. You may have been right. Did you just say as you
17	came to the mike, you are going to do something other than
18	be pretty, is that what I heard you say?
19	MR. ANDERSON: Yes, sir, I did.
20	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I am sure that
21	will be repeated somewhere by a lawyer.
22	MR. ANDERSON: I am certain. And the other thing
23	I wanted to talk about sometime with you was a hearing we
24	had where somehow we got on to the topic of shooting rats at
25	the dump.

1 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes. MR. ANDERSON: And I can't remember how that came 2 3 up other than I mentioned that my father took my mother on 4 dates to shoot rats at the dump during the Depression. 5 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I did it in my 6 little home farm town I grew up in in southern Minnesota. 7 That is what I did with my father, I recall. But yes, I did. 8 9 MR. ANDERSON: At least now you will remember the 10 context. 11 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes. Mr. 12 Williams? 13 MR. WILLIAMS: One thing I was just reminded of, 14 Your Honor, we have on our proposal, and the Court will see 15 this and we have circulated it. We wanted to give you a 16 heads-up on this. The Federal Circuit has their new E 17 Discovery Rules they have propounded. We have looked at 18 that and proposed we will follow that in this case. 19 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Good. 20 MR. WILLIAMS: We will address that with them, but 21 that is going to be one that I think will, for better or 2.2 worse, it gives us a good starting point as to what we 23 should do with it. We proposed it and we will discuss it with them. 24 25 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And I think

1 that is a hot topic all over the country these days, as well 2 as it should be because of the cost and protocol and other 3 issues. So --4 MR. FARNEY: We will take a look at it. 5 might find with the limited amount of discovery we are going 6 to want, they may find it is not necessary to worry about 7 it. 8 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: All right. 9 Are there comments, whether it comes from the Plaintiff's 10 side of the aisle or the Defendants on the -- do they want 11 to put anything on the record in light of the letter briefs 12 we will be getting and the January summary letters and 13 January 30 supplemental letters? Or have we been there, 14 done that? 15 I think we have covered that. MR. FARNEY: 16 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Williams? 17 Assuming you can speak for the rest of the group? 18 MR. WILLIAMS: We have covered that. 19 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Let me give 20 you an update. I won't wait until the next status 21 conference. I have exchanged -- that doesn't mean there is 2.2 any disagreement. I have exchanged e-mails and talked with 23 Judge Lynn, and basically my approach has been I showed her 24 a copy of the order separate from the tag-along case that 25 she has, to say, well, I promised the lawyers that, as you

can see in the Order, we would discuss it and work something out on both, the seal issue, what was sealed and not sealed, and what we can make available with the appropriate

Protective Order for this case from the case that she had, and separate from the tag-along case.

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And as soon as we have resolved that, she is on vacation this week, but we have been chatting, and I don't think it is speaking out of school to say she was going to have one of her law clerks get everything in one place there. I suspect we will have that resolved this next week. And then I will let you know either in a letter or a suggestion for -- or unless it takes a separate order from me. Anyway, we will have that resolved as part of the Rule 26(f) process. I think we will have that, the Judge and I will have that done before -- in the next couple of weeks, probably next week. That is kind of our timeline now.

So, if there is any fault in the delay, she and I just began talking this past week, and that is my doing, not hers, because she did return my call and my e-mail right away. So, that is where that is at. And I don't anticipate any problems. As to what is going to happen with her case, that's was kind of a secondary issue.

We have the March 22nd, you are correct, I did say the 12th. And that will be at 9:00 a.m.. We will begin in chambers. I will reduce all of this to an order. We do not

typically -- and I will have one other topic to discuss with you, or we will discuss with you, briefly.

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Typically, it wouldn't be my intent, absent some compelling reason to do otherwise, to connect people in by phone that day. And so whether we begin in my chambers or the conference room next to it, we will begin back here.

And then I will in the mean time, of course, you know we will be submitting to you with this Order, I will pull out the Guidant Order.

One size doesn't fit all, but show you the procedure we had set up in getting things on to an agenda each time we get together. And the way it will worked, we won't -- obviously, if the lawyers generally agree there is no reason to get together for a particular thing, everything has been resolved, or there is something that can be decided without the status conference. We won't have it just to say we had it. But, we can take that as it comes.

The other issue that I would discuss, and I would discuss it with you very briefly, even if it isn't one of the main issues discussed at the annual MDL conference down at the Breakers, along with attorney fees and common benefit issues and the like is the notion that the Court should be involved earlier and more meaningfully in any interest shown by the parties for a partial or global settlement to be and make ourselves available.

Now, in our District that means, and we won't do it any differently, and we haven't for even MDLs. I think to the benefit of all of the parties. Some people suggest we under-utilize Special Masters in our District. I would suggest that not only isn't that true, but perhaps some districts over-utilize them and pass the costs on to the parties, but reasonable people differ on these topics.

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What we have done in our District, I don't need any signs from anyone today, or hence. We will make ourselves available, which will be primarily His Honor, Judge Rau, for settlement discussions.

In the *Guidant* case and *Medtronic* cases, what we did there was by agreement of the parties, I didn't force the issue. And in addition to Magistrate Judge Boylan who was involved and did primarily -- his primary involvement in both cases was the settlement piece. And they decided to agree on, in *Guidant*, in addition to Judge Boylan, a separate -- there is one Special Master who they could agree on, a lawyer in New Orleans they could agree on, Pat Juneau who worked out, in my humble opinion very well for everybody, including this Court. And he does a lot of work for Judge Fallon down there, too. But that was the lawyers for the two of them because we had a number of -- because of the way the settlement worked, unlike a case like this, there were a lot of individual settlement requests that

could be made outside of the global settlement on, well, we set up a system so this individual plaintiff should be able to ask for more money than what -- and take their case to the Special Master which could either be Judge Boylan or Pat Juneau in that case.

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We will make ourselves available here, as well. I mean, I am putting it out there. I am not implying anything. I am just saying we will make ourselves available as early as necessary, but I think we aren't going to force the issue at this stage.

The other thing I will state that is putting the cart way entirely before the horse, the trends in the MDL's, and I may have mentioned this when we got together the first time, and if I did, I apologize. The trend is the expectation by the MDL Panel, because of some criticisms over the years that, well, the state, the Transferor Judge has the case back three years later, and what has happened in the meantime?

Well, the expectation is, which I think is reasonable one by the -- and I did it and I have done it in the *Guidant* case is we agree to take an inner-Circuit assignment if everyone agrees because we can't force ourselves on the lawyers and follow the case back to -- in other words, not here, but follow it back to whether it is Texas, California, to say, since it is that far along, it

doesn't really seem fair to bring in a new Judge. And to avoid some of that criticism, what have you been doing the last two or three years? Now we have got all of these Daubert motions, we have this issue, that issue. Generally we will volunteer, I think most of us, to follow the case if need be, down the road. Anything else on the settlement piece or anything else you want to bring up to these --

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thing I'd bring up on the settlement piece is at least based on what I heard so far, that to the extent there are, in particular, trucking companies who want a little help and want out, but just need a push on the Plaintiff a little bit, I have heard from the Plaintiff that he is willing to settle with people. So, I just need to hear from a trucking company if they want me involved, and we can set something up. Okay?

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And it could be, not to interrupt you, but it could be -- occasionally, this isn't unique to MDLs, a counsel will say, well, it is a little premature because we need this level of discovery for settlement purposes before we can step off of the curb and into the settlement lane.

Well, then we should be -- unless we are accomplishing that without knowing it, we should be told that, as well. It is a little more difficult in an MDL

case, but not necessarily with an individual party to say, well, if we had this limited information, until we get that, we really aren't going to be talking to our client, or vice-versa about settlement. So, we will make ourselves available. And then if that issue is involved, we should be made aware of it.

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And in some cases the parties will say, it rarely happens in our District, well we want to do it, but we have agreed on somebody that we want to use, but we will leave that up to counsel.

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: I would add one more thing.

MS. MERRIETT: Your Honor?

THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Most of you, or at least those of you who practice in this District understand how the Magistrate Judges do settlement conferences. I will work with you on that in this case if there's logistical issues. But, I will also caution you, if someone shows up and they don't really have authority, they will be in trouble.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And when we say working together, one option -- this isn't to turn on the green light, but if sometimes that means one or both of us going to another part of the country, that is not -- that is quite commonly done in MDLs, maybe. You know, the irony

1 behind me having this MDL, and frankly speaking I didn't 2 think of it when I got the call, but I had in this courtroom 3 not that long ago, and there is still a very major issue 4 pending on attorney fees. The case is over. I had the 5 OOIDA case where Minnesota decided to be the state that would -- the trucking, all of the truckers of America would 6 take on, because the State Patrol decided they wanted to be, 7 8 try to be a pioneer in fatigue testing. And I thought a 9 little bit about some of what they did and not much about a 10 lot of what they did. 11 It was a court trial here. So, I got familiarized 12 with the trucking industry that way, only it was in the 13 fatigue testing and checkpoints, because they decided to use 14 Minnesota as the test location for those, for that class 15 action lawsuit. That was tried here a couple of years back 16 here by me. 17 But, anything else on behalf of the Plaintiff at 18 this time, either something that has come up today? Or you 19 are frustrated, either if not with the lawyers with the 20 Court, saying we were hoping to get this issue taken care of 21 today or this schedule in place? 2.2 MS. MERRIETT: Your Honor? 23 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: 24 MS. MERRIETT: Yes. This is Connie Merriett.

don't know if you can hear me?

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1 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: We can hear 2 you. 3 MS. MERRIETT: I couldn't find an earlier time to 4 interject. I was trying to speak up. This was from a few 5 issues ago about the March 22nd date for the next status conference. I know the defense counsel all agreed that they 6 7 were available on that date. I'm not certain what my colleagues on the Plaintiff's side has said about that date. 8 9 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: They said they 10 agreed on the date, too. 11 MS. MERRIETT: Oh, they did? Okay. Well, I guess 12 you mentioned earlier in the hearing, that is the family 13 week for me. So, that is right smack dab in the middle of 14 spring breaks for my family and my kids. So, I will attempt 15 to head up there, and I am sure we can have someone be there 16 in person and it won't be a problem. But you had mentioned 17 that out of consideration earlier, but I didn't get a chance 18 to speak out without interrupting the Court. So, I didn't 19 know if there was perhaps an earlier date, you know, the 20 16th, the Friday before, or just after the holiday. But, I 21 don't want to cause any wrinkles, so --2.2 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: I just made an 23 assumption that perhaps you would consult with your 24 co-counsel. 25 MR. FARNEY: I am going to go out on a limb and I

1 think I can convince Ms. Merriett that I can handle it on my 2 own. So, we will just say we will do it on the 22nd. 3 MS. MERRIETT: I wanted to make sure I brought 4 that up. 5 MR. FARNEY: I just have the two points. THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Anything else, 6 Counsel? 7 THE HONORABLE MAGISTRATE JUDGE RAU: Ms. Merriett? 8 9 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Ms. Merriett? 10 MR. FARNEY: Just two things. One, as to the 11 settlement we would be, of course, happy to have you 12 involved. I will say that we have settled a little over 200 13 of the 240 Defendants. And basically, almost everyone that 14 is engaged in discussions after we have been able to explain 15 to them the facts and the history and what other people have 16 done, we have reached settlements. So, if we can get it 17 engaged, I am very confident we will reach a lot of 18 settlements. 19 And last was a piece of advice to the Court. You 20 mentioned about possibly if you stayed into the case and 21 travelled to other locations, that this is a way for you to 2.2 escape a Minnesota winter and go down to Texas, I will 23 advise you that this winter, at least from my limited 24 experience, it was colder in Texas than it was here. So, if 25 that was the plan, that may not be a good way to go.

1 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: 2 Defendants? 3 MR. WILLIAMS: Nothing? Nothing, Your Honor. March 22nd is blizzard week, you know, for Minnesota. 4 5 we are going to get winter, I am predicting right now March 22nd we get it. 6 7 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Mr. Farney, if your co-counsel feels -- I hate to come across as 8 9 anti-family, if you will work that out with her -- I try to 10 be sensitive. And I think I would be even if I hadn't been 11 through it with five daughters over the years, myself. So, 12 I understand the issue. But, for now we will leave it set 13 there, and then I will assume there won't be an issue unless 14 somebody raises it. Because it wouldn't be the first time 15 it complicates an MDL for a lawyer to get back to their 16 office and say, oh, here is this big ticket item date that 17 we kind of overlooked. But, I will get an Order out and 18 then I appreciate -- and we will meet --19 MR. FARNEY: I apologize, Judge, but I won't --20 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: And we will 21 meet --2.2 MR. FARNEY: You say that and it made me think. 23 THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: It might be 24 easier almost to start in here, not because we will 25 literally start in here, rather than be buzzing back

everybody individually, and then Brenda can just bring everybody back on the 22nd to chambers. Yes?

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MR. FARNEY: There was one thing I meant to ask when I came up and forgot. We had talked about doing this five-page chicken and egg --

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Yes.

MR. FARNEY: -- thing in one week, which I guess would be the following Wednesday. Would it be possible to push that to Friday, instead of Wednesday? I have a complication.

THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Fine. Fine, so it will be a week from Friday, and simultaneous submissions. And then in the event, unlikely or otherwise, that one of you either jump off your chair, and I shouldn't, I suppose, make light of such things, are so upset with something that is in the letter that you feel it is far beyond what was contemplated, before you pick up the phone to ring my chambers to say, I am going to -- well, first of all before you pick up the phone or try to send something in on the assumption that, well, I will send it in with a cover letter saying, I am seeking permission, because most lawyers know if it comes, the Judge is probably going to read it. Call the other counsel and say, I am going to contact the Court, and say, I am requesting permission to extend the immediate response. In the unlikely event that happens,

1	because it does happen occasionally, just use that
2	procedure. And then I will promise a quick turnaround,
3	whether I get everybody on the phone for two minutes or not,
4	that is probably another issue probably not. But, if
5	that happens, that is the avenue, the way you should handle
6	it.
7	Well, I appreciate everybody coming in to
8	Minnesota. But, like Mr. Williams has said, this is a very
9	unusual and you said, too, it's
10	MR. FARNEY: Yes.
11	THE HONORABLE JUDGE DONOVAN FRANK: Absent
12	anything further, you will be hearing from me before the
13	22nd with the schedule we have got set up. And we are
14	adjourned. Thank you all. All right?
15	(Adjournment.)
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17	* * *
18	
19	I, Jeanne M. Anderson, certify that the foregoing
20	is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in
21	the above-entitled matter.
22	
23	
24	Certified by: s/ Jeanne M. Anderson
25	Jeanne M. Anderson, RMR-RPR Official Court Reporter